Rs. 185 buys you a Royal West End Cycle complete.
Strongly recommended by
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co.
Bombay & Poona.

The Bombay Chronicle.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

THE BRAND OF HIGH GRADE QUALITY.
It is made to give satisfaction.
It is bound to give satisfaction.
It does give satisfaction
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co.
Bombay & Poona.

VOL. VI. NO. 187 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 7, 1918. TWO ANNAS.

SHIPPING

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA
(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

STEAMERS of the P. & O. Co. will be despatched to London at frequent intervals.

The BRITISH INDIA Co. will despatch mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf, and East and South African ports at frequent intervals.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

For Sailings and Freight apply to:

T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.
Alice Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
(THE OSAKA MERCANTILE STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)
(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet: 167 Vessels. Gross Tonnage: 462,000.

The following regular services are maintained:—

(1) From Bombay to Japan Ports via Singapore and Hongkong.
(2) From Bombay to Marseilles via Djibouti and Port Said.
(3) From Bombay to Italian Ports via Port Said.

Freight and particulars of sailings can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.
Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

DROPS OF INK!
MAKE MILLIONS THINK!!
and to write with a bad Ink
IS A BLUNDER.
"Inkotine" marks the highest perfection in ink making
Try and reap its benefit.
G. S. RANADE & CO.,
BOMBAY No. 4

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,850,000

Head Office:
20, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.
Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombassa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisumo
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Banga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Dar-es-Salam, East Africa
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:—
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE
payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, Africa, America and Australia or purchased or collected.

DRAFTS.
are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 23,100,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at
Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Chi-Nan, Dairen, Frengtien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kaiyuan, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lyons, Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Soerabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Tokio, Tsingtao.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and Interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum of daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager, Bombay.
Post Box No. 207, Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
BRANCHES:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, BAGDAD, BASRAH AND AMARA.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called-up Capital ..... £ 600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders .... £ 900,000
Reserve Fund ..... £ 90,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
The Rt Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K. T. (Chairman).
Sir Edward Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
Emile Francqui, Esq. (Director of the Societe General de Belgique.)
Lieut.-Col. J. Leigh Wood, C.M.G. (Messrs. Brown Shipley & Co.)
J. C. Georges Boillat, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. Haskell, Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
Bromley-Martin, Esq. (Martins Bank, Ltd.)
BOMBAY COMMITTEE.
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Goculdas, Esq.
BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 5 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum.
Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.
SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS BANK LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE.
Apollo Street, Fort.
BRANCH.
Kalbadevi Road, Opposite Narnarain's Temple, Zaver Baug.

	Rs.
Authorised Capital	10,00,000

One lakh shares of Rs. 10 each.

Paidup Capital	4,71,900
Unpaid Capital	5,28,100
Capital Reserve Fund	76,420

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum.

SAVINGS BANK—Interest allowed on Savings Bank Accounts at 4½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Interest allowed on deposits fixed for one year at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum. Rates for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

Cheques, Hundies, Bills, Dividend Warrants, &c., collected free of charge for Account Holders.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities.

By order of the Board,
JAINARAIN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

Save Your Money
and invest in
War Bonds

The interest on what we save helps to make us personally independent—the money we lend to the Government helps to set our land and our world free. —KIPLING.

BANKING

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD

Incorporated by Special Charter of the Imperial Japanese Government, 1899.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 22,500,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 5,680,000

HEAD OFFICE
TAIPEH, FORMOSA

BRANCHES:

LONDON	SHANGHAI	TOKIO
NEW YORK	HONGKONG	OSAKA
AMOY	SINGAPORE	KOBE
CANTON	SOERABAIA	YOKOHAMA
FOOCHOW	SEMARANG	AKO
HANKOW	BATAVIA	GIRAN
KIUKIANG	MAKUNG	KAGI
SWATOW	PINAN	KARENKO
TAINAN	SHINCHIKU	KEELUNG
TAKOW	TAICHU	TAMSUI

The Bank has also a large number of Correspondents at Home and Abroad.

Current Deposit Accounts are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

Fixed Deposits are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

K. TAKEMURA,
Manager,
52, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

	Rs.	a	p.
Capital Authorized	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,39,102	14	8
Reserve Funds	11,60,777	8	5

HEAD OFFICE.—LAHORE.
Branches:
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jummu, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3 3/4 per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are brought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

E. D. MULICK,
Manager.

BANKING

BANK OF BARODA, LTD.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.

Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE—BARODA.

Branches:—Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 5,75,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

THE ANNUAL GRAND
CLEARANCE SALE
OF
OVER 2,000 VARIETIES OF OUR
SILK AND EMBROIDERY
NOW IN FULL SWING

Our reductions will surprise you.
Every day lost is your disadvantage.
A VISIT WILL SAVE YOU A LOT OF MONEY.
Do not therefore miss this opportunity.

AHMED E. ESAALI
EMPIRE BUILDING
HORNBY ROAD.

CAN THEY LOOT AGAIN?

Necessity knows no law. Should people be compelled to loot, do you think they will not do so, in spite of the penalties imposed on such actions?

It is best to be on the safe side. . . . . to be content and sure that your earnings are really safe.

The "LIONS" Safe, Burglar and Fire Resisting, is 50 per cent. cheaper, 100 per cent. better, and 1,000 per cent. safer than any other on the market.

The "LIONS" is sold in two sizes. . . . . actually worth Rs. 715 and Rs. 550. . . . . sold for Rs. 385 and Rs. 324, respectively.

Fresh stock of 15 just received of which only few remain. It is very hard to get them now. Any way you might have to pay more for next lot. Why not select one atonce. Payment in WAR BONDS accepted.

MEHTA & CO., Auctioneers,
On Government and G. I. P. Railway Lists.
25, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
Telephone 1285.

A REMARKABLE WAR DISCOVERY.
SILK
CHEAPER THAN
COTTON

The recent extraordinary increase in the demand for their Silk of all descriptions was a MATTER OF GREAT SURPRISE to Messrs. Karanjia & Co., themselves. They could not understand why Silk should be so much in demand in spite of somewhat increased prices owing to the difficulties caused by the War, but their Customers frankly told them that they had substituted Silk for wool and cotton even for their ordinary requirements as they FOUND SILK CHEAPER THAN COTTON, not to speak of the great difference in comfort and elegance.

To avoid disappointment it may be noted, however, that this miracle is due not so much to the disturbance of the cloth market during the War as to the UNRIVALLED EXPERIENCE AND RESOURCES of

Messrs. KARANJIA & Co., Ltd.,

in silk business. The truth of this remarkable war discovery can therefore be tested ONLY AT THEIR SHOP.

207, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKING

THE SUMITOMO BANK
LIMITED.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 22,500,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 8,600,000

HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA, JAPAN.
BRANCHES AND AGENTS:

Bombay	Kyoto	San Francisco
Hakata	London	Seattle
Hankau	Moji	Shanghai
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Shimonoseki
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo
Kobe	Osaka	Yokohama

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates to be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.

J. SATO, Manager.
P. O. Box No. 889.
Church Gate Street, Bombay.

HOTELS

THE CHEAPEST
FIRST CLASS HOTEL
at which to put up at in Bombay is the
RAILWAY HOTEL

Those visiting Bombay should not fail to try the "Railway" Hotel situated at Charney Road, in a central healthy locality.

DINNER TABLE A SPECIALITY!
Competent Chefs, High Class Wines and Billiard Tables.
Please write to Manager, Railway Hotel,
Charney Road, Bombay, Telephone No. 512.

BEST ACCOMMODATION
FOR HIGH CLASS HINDOOS.
SHREE ARYA PATHIKA ASHRAM.
(BOARDING AND LODGING)
Girgaum Back Road, Parekh Wadi's Bungalow.

ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

"Wanted," "To be Let," "For Sale" and other sundry Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business, are charged at the following rates, which must be strictly prepaid:

Advertisements not exceeding 20 words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional word one anna.

Advertisements are not received after 6 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. 2 per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Rs. 6 per inch. Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices.—Rs. 6 per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short Advertisement Columns.—Rs. 1-8 per inch. No display allowed.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGER,
"Bombay Chronicle" Office,
No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION.

PAYABLE STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

DAILY EDITION.

	LOCAL.	UP-COUNTRY.
Yearly ..	.. Rs. 30-0	Rs. 35-0
Half-yearly	.. „ 16-0	„ 18-0
Quarterly	.. „ 8-0	„ 9-0
Monthly	.. „ 3-0	„ 3-8
Single Copy ..	.. ..	..TWO Annas

SUNDAY EDITION.

	LOCAL. UP-COUNTRY.	
Yearly ..	..Rs. 5-0	Rs. 6-0
Single Copy ..	.. ..	..TWO Annas

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

NATIONAL PORTABLE TYPEWRITERS—Improved Model No. 3, has all the Improvements known to the modern typewriter, including Visibility, Back-spacer, Tabulator, two-color Ribbon and some Special Features. Few left now. Write or call early to save disappointment. Rs. 180 with Improved Travelling Case. THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING Co., 36, (B), Churchgate St. Fort, Bombay. Tele: "Writertype."

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—Nation Portable, Improved Model, just arrived, complete with compact case. Rs. 180. Factory Rebuilt Remington Visible & Oliver Reliable second-hand Typewriters any make. All Typewriter Accessories, & Repairs.
NICOLLS & COMPANY.
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay.

STORM—No storm can last for ever, and so the war must come to an end. If you wish to dispose of your Motor Car or a Carriage and Horse, now is the time to realise the highest price by sending it to MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, 25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. Plenty of accommodation and fine Showroom.

EDUCATIONAL.

WANTED—TUITIONS by an EXPERT in spinning, weaving and dyeing. Guarantees sound, practical and theoretical knowledge in the above subjects. For further particulars and terms apply to Box No. 434, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 310

WANTED—PUPILS for Inspiring Lessons in English, Sanskrit and Gujerati Classics by an Author of Recognition. Special Study in the Vedant, the Gita and Emerson. Rare training in public usefulness. Address Box No. 665, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1067

A RARE OPPORTUNITY—SPECIAL MATRICULATION MATHEMATICS CLASSES will be conducted by the Principal, THE EMPIRE ENGLISH SCHOOL, personally, one hour daily, at convenient times. Our object being to help the poorest students, we have kept the fees very low (Rs. 20 for the full course for the whole year or Rs. 3 per month.) Our Matriculation Classes have begun their regular work. Enrolment daily. 259/261, Hornby Road, Opp. Cox & Co., Fort.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A LADY for Manicuring and Massage. Apply Box No. 673, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1134

WANTED—An experienced Hindu L.M. & S., or M. B. B. S., for an up-country hospital, clever in surgery preferred. Apply with terms and testimonials to Box No. 665A, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1108

WANTED.—English-knowing HINDU CLERKS, Matric or non-Matric, experience in Commercial Line preferred. Apply in person JETHA DEVJEE and Co., Mandvi, Shak Gully. 1088

WANTED—INTELLIGENT ASSISTANT for Journalistic Work. None need apply without high educational and shorthand qualification. Apply Box No. 670, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1135

WANTED.—APPLICATIONS for the post of a WATER-WORKS ENGINEER, carrying a pay of Rs. 100 rising to Rs. 150 per mensem in the Dhulia Municipality. The applicant must hold an University degree in Engineering, have a thorough knowledge of Hydraulics and possess practical experience in the construction, maintenance and management of a water supply system. (Sd.) S. V. PATHAN, Dhulia Municipality. Dhulia, 2nd August, 1918. 1115

SITUATION VACANT.

WANTED—A competent ACCOUNTANT, well-versed in correspondence. Apply Box No. 660, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1091

WANTED—Experienced SALESMAN for Hardware goods. Good salary with prospects to deserving man. Apply Box No. 649, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1055

WANTED—Competent CLERKS for British East Africa, good prospects to deserving men. Apply to Messrs. NARANDAS RAJARAM & Co., 111, Esplanade Road. 1146

WANTED—150 Experienced CLERKS for Field Services. Pay according to qualifications. Apply sharp with copies of testimonials to Messrs. MAYADASS & Co., 85, Fort Street, Bombay. 1151

WANTED—SHORT-HAND TYPIST. Apply stating experience and terms to Messrs. SOONDERDAS & Co., Solicitors, 1 Hamam Street. 1138

WANTED—Competent SALESMEN for Japanese Piece-goods, Yarns, Sundries, Stationaries and Chemicals. Apply stating speciality and terms to Box No. 668 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1119

WANTED—A painstaking energetic and kind hearted NURSE of any caste to look after two children aged 1 and 3. Apply with testimonials, if any and stating pay to Box No. 666, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1112

REQUIRED.—A SALESMAN with high qualifications to act as manager or assistant manager, and two experienced pensioners fully acquainted with accounts to act as cashiers and two smart assistants as salesmen for a well going wholesale, and retail concern at Hornby Road. None but those having experience upwards of seven years need apply with copies of testimonials and terms to Box No. 677 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." Business hours from 9 a.m. to 5-30 p.m. 1143

WANTED.

WANTED—LOOMS 56in. to 64in. Reed Space in good working order. Apply to POPATLAL GIRDHARLAL & Co., Mandvi Street, Ahmedabad. 925

WANTED.—CAPITALIST to invest a sum sufficient to carry on cloth business Write Box No. 667, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1114

WANTED—LOAN of Rs. 150 will repay Rs. 200 in 5 monthly instalments. Apply Box No. 680, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1150

WANTED—A PARTNER to finance a business, good prospects, for full particulars apply, to Box No. 676, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1141

WANTED—Reliable SHARE BROKER to do small business for a gentleman. Apply Box No. 679, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1148

FOR SALE.

ENGLISH DESSERT APPLES 9 lbs. nett Rs. 4, all charges included by V. P. parcel post. CAPTAIN BANON, Daff Dunbar, P. O. Kulu, Punjab. 629

TO BE SOLD—Two official COUNTER-PIECES, each ten feet long. See Mr. DEVJI MALJI, Kalbadevi Road. 1116

FOR SALE—One Windower maker BROOM in good condition. For particulars apply Box No. 650, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1058

FOR SECOND-HAND MACHINERY, either for SALE or PURCHASE at advantage, kindly address THE HIND ENGINEERING CO., 306/8, Nagdevi Street, Bombay. 1016

FOR SALE—OIL ENGINES, Rustom Proctor 20 and 40 B. H. P. Marshall's grinding mills Hullers corrugated sheets. Apply JIVARAJ JINABHAI, Gulalvadi, Kamdar House. 1080

TYPES—Firm offer is required for 50 Maunds or old GUJRATI LEAD TYPES. To be sold as Pai. Apply to Box No. 678, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1145

FOR SALE.—One complete ICE FACTORY of one ton and one AERATED WATER FACTORY. Intending purchasers, for full particulars should write to KRISHNA KUMAR and Co., Princess Street, Bombay. 1120

A brand new "OTTO" Berlin PIANO from S. ROSE & Co., FOR SALE. Buyers only apply to Box No. 672 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." No brokers. 1129

TO BE LET.

TO LET.—A GODOWN at 232, Mody Street, MANISHANCKER G. BHATT, 1st Floor on the premises. 1144

RARE OPPORTUNITY for a Motor Factory, Hotel or School Bungalows with large compound on Sandhurst Road. Apply Messrs. CONTRACTOR and KANGA, 17 Humam Street. 1095

PUBLIC NOTICE.

MACHINERY FOR IMMEDIATE SALE.

	Rs.
ONE ROLLER Flour Mill 10 sack, complete for	1,25,000
One Ice Plant 10 tons ether system, complete for	30,000
40 Cotton Gins Platt Brothers, complete for	25,000
One Cotton Opener Double, complete for	2,000
One Cotton Baling Press Wilson's Patent, complete for	70,000
Fifteen Engelburgh's Rice Hulling machines complete for	4,000
Five Atta Grinding Chakkies 3½ft. and 3½ft. complete for	1,000
One Boiler 30ft. by 7½ft. Alex. Shanks 165 lb. pressure complete for	30,000
One Boiler 28ft. by 7ft. Tinker Shenton's 140 lb. pressure, complete for	25,000
One Engine Ruston Proctor's 200 H. P. complete for	25,000
One Engine Benj. Goodfellow's 300 H.P. complete for	30,000
One Green's Economiser complete for	4,000

Please apply sharp to avoid disappointment.

GIRDHAR LAL,
680 Chattiwind Gate, Amritsar.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

HIS EXALTED HIGHNESS THE NIZAM'S CITY IMPROVEMENT BOARD

HYDERABAD (DECCAN.)

APPLICATIONS are invited for competitive designs with full drawings and perspectives for the facade of covered footpaths along a roadway in a business quarter being widened to 65 feet clear width and 15 feet covered footpaths on either side. The footpath and the shops will have only one storey on top—total height from road level up to top of roof will be on an average 35 feet.

2. The terminal feature of the road will be an ancient monument called the Charminar about 168 feet high and 96 feet wide—tetrapylon at the crossing of four roads—the style of the new facade will have to harmonize with that monument and the surroundings as far as possible.

3. The facade will be constructed in local granite stone which can be obtained in suitable dimensions.

4. The competing architects must visit the place at their own expense to enable them to prepare suitable designs. A copy of the detailed site as well as a section of the roadway and the covered footpath will be supplied on application at the office of the Sanitary Engineer, City Improvement Board.

5. All plans and elevations should be in ⅛ inch—1 ft. Scale and details in ½ inch and full size and must be sent flat. Details will be required only in the case of the two successful candidates.

6. The competition is open to all.

7. The designs will be judged by a Committee of the City Improvement Board. The final selection of the designs will rest with His Exalted Highness the Nizam.

8. The first premiated design will carry a prize of Rs. 10,000 B.G. and the second Rs. 5,000 B.G.

9. No plans are to be signed by a Competitor, they should bear only a recognizable mark or nom-de-plume copy of which should be enclosed with the architect's name in a sealed cover.

Any signed plans will be atonce disqualified.

10. The drawings of the successful candidates will be retained and the rest sent back.

11. The City Improvement Board do not bind themselves to select any of the submitted designs.

12. All designs for competition should be enclosed in a sealed cover marked "Competitive Designs for Road Facade" Hyderabad and addressed to Nawab Nizamat Jung Bahadur, Secretary, City Improvement Board, and should reach not later than 1st November 1918. The designs must be prepaid.

NIZAMAT JUNG,
Secretary,
1139 City Improvement Board.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the supply of Fluid Disinfectant wil be received upto One p.m. (B. T.) on the 16th day of August, 1918.

Form of contract, specification, etc., will be issued to any one deputed to receive it free of charge by the undersigned, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and should be delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner.

E. J. HALE,
Municipal Storekeeper
Stores Office, Byculla,
Bombay, 5th August, 1918. 1153

THE AKBAR MANUFACTURING AND PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE

THE FORTIETH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held on MONDAY, the 12th day of August, 1918, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), at the Company's Registered Office, No. 1-5, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

I.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st December, 1917.

II.—To declare a dividend.

III.—To elect Directors in place of those retiring by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.

IV.—To appoint two Auditors for the current year, and to fix their remuneration.

V.—To transact such other business may be brought before the Meeting

By order of the Board of Directors,
HAJEEBHOY LALLJEE & CO.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

No. 1—5, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road.
Bombay, 22nd July, 1918.

N. B.—THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 12th proximo to 26th idem (both days inclusive). 1037

WANTED.

A Qualified SUB-OVERSEER and a SANITARY INSPECTOR for Bijapur Municipality. Applicants should apply with testimonials before end of August, 1918. Pay Rs. 60 plus 15 and Rs. 75 plus 20 per mensem respectively.

S. V. KOWJALGI,
President,
1109 Bijapur Municipality.

NOTICE.

THE hair collected in Fasli 1.327 at the Shaving Shed at Simhachelam Temple, Vizianagram Samasthanam, Vizagapatam District will be sold by Public Auction on 28-10-1918, at Simhachelam which is about 3 miles by road from Simhachelam Railway Station, B. N. Ry.

The hair which will be put up for sale amounts to 4,200 lbs., of short hair of under one foot in length and 1,450 lbs., of hair of from one foot to two feet in length.

For further particulars apply to the Temple Amin, Simhachelam, Vizagapatam District. 1125

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE Public are hereby informed that the Offices of the Osaka Shosen Kaisha, Bombay Branch, will be REMOVED to BALLARD PIER ROAD on and after the 18th August, 1918, and all communications are to be addressed thereto from that date.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.
5th August, 1918. 1140

WANTED.

WANTED.—A CHIEF OFFICER for the Barsi City Municipality. The pay is Rs. 150 to Rs. 200 with an annual increment of Rs. 10 on approved service. Conveyance allowance is Rs. 15 p.m. Applicants should state their age, educational qualifications and previous experience of Municipal work. A graduate in Arts and in Engineering will be preferred. Applications should reach the undersigned before 31st August, 1918.

G. K. TILAK,
President,
Barsi City Municipality.
Barsi, 2nd August, 1918. 1124

LEGAL NOTICES.

BEST OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTING MONEY IN IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

OFFERS are invited by the undersigned for the purchase of leasehold premises with a building thereon suitable for a godown on the ground-floor and residential quarters on the upper storey, belonging to the late Mr. Pestonji Maneckji Poonjiaji, situate on Dockyard Road, Mazagon, near the Parsi Agiari. The purchase will be on certain terms and conditions a copy of which can be inspected in the Office of Messrs. Kanga and Sayani or Messrs. Payne & Co., or Messrs. Wadia Ghandy & Co. The Executors will not be bound to accept the highest or any offer.

Dated this 6th day of August, 1918.

KANGA & SAYANI,
Attorneys for the Surviving executors and executrix of the last Will and Codicil of the late Mr. P. M. Poonjiaji.
Alice Buildings,
Hornby Road, Bombay. 1152

NOTICE.

OUR clients, Messrs. CHENIRAM JESRAJ have been for a long time past importing into Bombay piecegoods, yarns, spun-silks, etc., known by the name of Lota Chhap. Printed on these piecegoods are device of a Lota (that is a water jug) and the initials C. J. at the bottom thereof and in the middle of the Lota is the figure of Shri Krishna standing with a flute in his hands, and in some cases the goods bear a ticket with the above design. The said device is the Registered Trade Mark of our clients and has for a long time past been used by them as their Trade Mark on all piecegoods yarns, spun-silks, etc., imported by them and our clients' goods with the said device have acquired a very wide reputation in Bombay and throughout other parts of India and have become very well known in all Indian markets by the name of Lota Chhap.

Our clients have recently come to learn that some persons are arranging to import into Bombay piecegoods with a Lota Chhap thereon or something very similar thereto and the general get-up and appearance of which piecegoods would be similar to the general get-up and appearance of our clients' piecegoods, the object being to pass off such goods as our clients' goods.

Notice is hereby given that the above device is the exclusive Trade Mark of our clients and the same is printed upon their piecegoods, yarns and spun-silks, etc., or upon tickets affixed thereto in one or two or three Lotas in a line or three Lotas in a triangular shape and the public are hereby warned against importing, selling or purchasing or offering for sale, or otherwise dealing in piecegoods having printed thereon or bearing tickets of the said device or a device similar thereto and any person found doing so will be proceeded against according to law.

MULLA & MULLA.
Attorneys for Messrs. Cheniram Jesraj.
1135

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. SULEMAN JOOSAB has contracted to sell to our clients the undermentioned property and all persons having any claim upon or to the said property or any part or portion thereof whether by way of mortgage, sale, gift, lease, trust, inheritance, charge, possession, maintenance or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known to the undersigned in writing at their office at Old Agra Bank Building No. 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale of the said property will be completed without regard to any such claims which will then be considered to have been waived and regarded as null and void.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Memonwada Road without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one hundred and ten square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 2393 and Street Nos. 451/53, Collector's Old No. 652-653, Collector's New No. 2986, Old Survey No. 3001 and New Survey No. 3004 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the West by the said Memonwada Road, on or towards the North by the property of Haji Hassam Mitha and on or towards the South by the property of Kazi Abdul Karim and by a gully.

Dated this 5th day of August, 1918.
CAPTAIN & VAIDIA,
1142. Purchasers' Attorneys.

LEGAL NOTICE.

NOTICE.

WITH REFERENCE to the advertisement appearing in Newspapers that certain goods belonging to the ORIENTAL ENGINEERING AND TRADING CO., will be sold by Messrs. Mehta and Co., Auctioneers, at the instance of the PUNJAB NATIONAL TRADING Co., to-morrow, the 7th instant at 4 p.m. (S.T.). We have to warn the intending purchasers that certain disputes are pending between our clients THE ORIENTAL ENGINEERING AND TRADING CO., and the said PUNJAB NATIONAL TRADING CO., and our clients' dispute the right of the PUNJAB NATIONAL TRADING CO. to sell the said goods by Public Auction and the intending purchasers are warned that if they buy the said goods, they will do so at their risk and peril.

Messrs. MIRZA MIRZA & MANGALDAS,
Attorneys for the Oriental Engineering and Trading Co.
1154

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P Railway.
No. 25, Medows Street, Fort Bombay.
Telephone No. 1285.

AUCTION SALE OF 46,300 LBS OF HARD-DRAWN BARE COPPER WIRES MANUFACTURED BY SUMITOMO ELECTRIC WIRE AND CABLE WORKS, OSAKA, JAPAN.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 7th inst., at 4 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms by order of The Punjab National Trading Co. and on account and at the risk of The Oriental Engineering and Trading Co., the following wires.

500 lbs.	Harddrawn Bare Copper wires No. 0.
4,900 lbs.	Harddrawn Bare Copper wires No. 2.
10,100 lbs.	Harddrawn Bare Copper wires No. 6.
11,700 lbs.	Harddrawn Bare Copper wires No. 8.
3,000 lbs.	Harddrawn Bare Copper wires No. 3.
4,000 lbs.	Harddrawn Bare Copper wires No. 5.
100 lbs.	Harddrawn Bare Copper wires No. 6.
4,000 lbs.	Harddrawn Bare Copper wires No. 7.
5,900 lbs.	Harddrawn Bare Copper wires No. 8.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PEARLS AND JEWELLERY.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY the 7th inst. at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 25, Medows Street, Fort, by order of Mr. Chandulal Vajubhai Divan, the proving Executor of the will of the late Chaganlal Virchand Javeri Jain Hindoo inhabitant of Bombay, the following Jewellery.

1 Pearl Chungoo of 16 strings containing 80 pearls wg. Ruttees 86 15/16.
3 Loose pearls wg. chow 4 9/16.
21 Loose pearls wg. chow 16 1/4.
3 Pearls wg. Ruttee 7 14/16.
1 Pearl wg. Ruttee 6 7/32.
248 Loose small pearls.
1 Diamond Billian wg. Ruttee 19/64.
2 Rubies wg. Ruttee 2 14/16.
1 Gold bar wg. Tolla 1½ and 9½ ral.
1 Ring set with ruby.
1 Lot small loose pearls.
The above is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF 22 PAKAGES BOOK MUSLINS.

On SATURDAY, the 10th instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 25, Medows Street, Fort, by order of Seth Santilal Chimanlal and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Seth Bhogilal Babaldas.

10 Packages Book Muslins No. 1717 or others.
12 Packages Book Muslins No. 2424 or others.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 7th Aug., 1918.

BENNETT & CO.

On SATURDAY, the 10th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods etc.

By order of the Executors of the estate of a deceased Parsee gentleman, teakwood gown press, teapoys, folding stand soil linen basket, Japanese round table, low chair, electric table fan, wall clock, time pieces, musical box, flower vases and table ornaments, books wooden and iron bedsteads, baba cradle iron safe with stand etc.

By order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate the unclaimed articles such as one gold earring set with diamonds, gold kanthi gold rings, wrist watch, palli, silver buttons studs, and links, taviz, todda, metal and nickel watches, etc., one lot of wearing apparels, one lot brass and copper, utensils, tins of dye, gunny bags, 17 bags of coal, pieces of iron, etc., etc.

On account of the Underwriters,
Ex. S. S. "Chindwara.
E. J. D. J. 245 No. 542/3 equal to 2 cases cotton baby's fronts.
E. J. D. J. 245 No. 544 equal to 1 case wool hoods.
6 casks boiler cements.

By order of the Bank concerned and on account and risk of the concerned.
4 casks sulphur black paste.
AT 2 P.M. (S.T.).
1 Second-hand rubber tyred palanquin office shigram.
1 Second-hand rubber tyred victoria, in good order.
1 Second-hand glass fronted miniature office brougham.
1 Bay country-bred horse, 14 hands, quiet in saddle.

BENNETT & Co.,
Bombay, 7th August, 1918.

MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
Mecows Street, Fort, opp. New Share Bazar.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO DEALERS AND CONTRACTORS OF ELECTRIC GOODS.

AUCTION SALE OF ELECTRIC LAMPS AND ELECTRIC WIRE.

Under instructions from the Office concerned and on account and at the risk of the party concerned Messrs. MODY and Co., Auctioneers will on FRIDAY, the 9th instant at 3 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, in Medows Street, Fort, opposite the New Share Bazaar, the following:—

A big lot of electric metal lamps, 230 volts., 16, 25, 32 and 50 candle power, a big lot of electric copper wire.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and the balance will have to be paid and goods taken delivery of within eight days.

MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 7th Aug. 1918.

SALE BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY & CO.

20, APOLLO STREET, FORT,
Telephone No. 3402.

AUCTION SALE OF 425 CASKS OF SALTED SLICED MANGOES.

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, will sell under instructions from the Surviving Executors and Executrix of the last Will and Codicil of the late Mr. Pestonji Maneckji Poonjiaji, and with the consent of his heirs, by Public Auction, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of August, 1918, at 3 p.m., (S.T.), at the godown of Dock Yard Road, Mazagon.

425 casks of salted sliced mangoes and wooden stands for casks.

The above is on view.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Kanga and Sayani, Solicitors for the said Executors and Executrix at their office in Alice Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW THURSDAY, THE 8TH AUGUST, 1918, AT 2-30 P. M. (S. T.).

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE MADE-TO ORDER HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, INDIAN MOTOR BICYCLE, ETC., ETC.

TO-MORROW THURSDAY, the 8th day of AUGUST, 1918, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., will sell by Public Auction in the shop in Dean Lane adjoining Hummum Street, Fort (where the kit has been removed for sale), very valuable teak and blackwood made to order household furniture, etc., comprising dining table, chairs, sideboard, dinner waggon, meatsafes, rich glassware, crockery, upholstered drawing room suites, Chesterfield sofa, glass door silver cabinets, marble top tables, almyrahs, carved blackwood furniture, hat stands, dressing and wash-hand tables, clothes and gown presses, chest of drawers, rich carpets, electric chandeliers, hall lamps, table ornaments, electric ceiling fans, safe on stand, book cases, etc., etc.

The property of an European gentleman.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE ON MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1918 AT 2-30 P.M., (S.T.).

Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on Monday the 12th day of August, 1918, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at "Deryanuma" at the corner of Siri Road, Chowpatty by order of the Owner, the surplus furniture etc., comprising roll top office table, almyrahs, handsome cabinets, sideboard, rich carpets, jardiniers, flower vases, China hall screens, English slate billiard table by George Edwards with accessories, English organ, sweet toned bungalow piano, cabinet talking machine, English sewing machine, electric goods such as brackets, pendants, counter weights marble switch boards, bulb lamps, etc., motor car paint, coachman's gold embroidered livery suits, 25 casks J. W. Wade & Co's., coloured flooring tiles, corrugated iron sheets, wooden doors, posts, porcelain garden lawn fountains, English windover's C spring rubber tyred brougham with single and double poles etc., etc.

Catalogue will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 7th August, 1918.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
No. 52, Medows Street, Fort.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.

AUCTION SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT POWVALLA STREET, WITHOUT THE FORT, NEAR CAMA BAG, CHURNY ROAD.

Under instructions from Messrs. Vachha and Co., attorneys for the owners, Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will put up the undermentioned valuable property for sale by public auction on SUNDAY, the 18th day of August, 1918, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land (held on a perpetually renewable lease) containing by admeasurement 406 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage, tenement or building standing assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward No. 2061 (b) Street No. I E all which premises are situate at Powvalla Street, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay (and forming a part of a large piece of land registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old Nos. 161, 161, 422, 422, 443, 477, 480, and 501, New Nos. 13668, 13669, 13927, 13928, 13953, 13994, 14015, and 15993, old survey Nos. 179, 179, and 180, and New survey Nos. 1/7371, and 1/7384 and assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Taxes under "D" Ward Nos. 2061 (1), 2061 (2), 2062 (1), 2062 (2), and 2063 (A) and street No. 1, 1 A, 2, 8, 4-12 Charni Road, and Ward "D" Nos. 2415 (1), 2415 (2), and 2515 (3), Street Nos. 352 to 396, 396 A and 396 B Grant Road, and "D" Ward Nos. 2063 (b) and 2063 (c), Street Nos. 12A, 12AA, Charni Road, Ward "D" No. 1894 and 1895 (1), Street No. 2 and 165-167 Khetwady Main Road. Ward "D" No. 1893 (2), Street No. 3, Khetwady Main Road, and bounded on or towards the North by the Powvalla Street, on or towards the South by the property of Dinshaw Cooverji Pendole, on or towards the East by Plot No. 16, belonging to Rustomji S. Powvalla and Kavasshaw S. Powvalla and on or towards the West by Plot No. 20, belonging to Rustomji S. Powvalla and Kavasshaw S. Powvalla.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application may be made to Messrs. Vachha and Co., Attorneys for the Vendor, at their office at Medows Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 7th August, 1918.

B. MANEKLAL & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
Green Street, Fort.

TO-DAY AT 2-30 P.M., (S.T.).

AUCTION SALE of valuable furniture and precious jewellery, iron safe, cycles, electric fans, teapoys, flower vases, clocks, cash boxes despatch boxes, easy chairs, low chairs, inkstands, etc., etc.

TO-DAY WEDNESDAY, the 7th August at 2-30 p.m., B. MANEKLAL & Co., will sell by Public Auction the above mentioned articles at their shop situated in Green Street No. 7, near Bombay Bank, very rich and artistic household and office furniture of the leading makers will be sold at the very place mentioned above.

By order of the concerned:—

One lot of precious jewellery consisting of rings, necklaces, bracelets, kudas earrings, etc., etc., set with diamonds, brilliants, rubbies, emeralds, and also a lot of pearl and gold ornaments and gold watches and also at the risk and on account of a defaulting purchaser Mr. Mathuradas Vassunji the following articles:—

1 Collar of pearls.
1 Set of 6 bangles of pearls.
1 Rose of diamonds.
1 Kuda jodi of diamonds.
Terms as usual.

B. MANEKLAL & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 7th August, 1918.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 09 April, 2017

SALE BY AUCTION.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
35, Hummum Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 4083.

AUCTION SALE OF GOODS, GRAIN SWEEPINGS, ETC.

Under instructions from the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the 9th August, 1918, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the Railway Company's Goods Depot, at Carnac Bridge:—

A number of bags of grain seeds, and a quantity of sweepings, tins of ghee, rafters, and loose coal etc.

49 tins Ghee Shujaulpur to Carnac Bridge Inv. 55 of 17—3—18 R.R. 2657—41.

MENESSE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 7th Aug., 1918.

CRAWFORD & CO.'S SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF 7 BALES WHITE SHIRTINGS.

By order of Messrs. H. S. M. Kazrani and Sons and on account and at the risk of Mr. M. A. Isphani, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 10th day of August, 1918, at 3 p.m., (S.T.), at the office of Messrs. H. S. M. Kazrani in Bhesania Building at Hornby Road, Fort, the following:—

Ex. S. S. "Glandhu."

M. M. S. 4835—3 bales white shirtings No. 7 Liepman.

Ex. S. S. "Clan Macbean."

M. M. S. 4835—4 bales white shirtings No. 7 Liepman.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 7th August, 1918.

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE—7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

	Rs.
Capital Fully Subscribed	10,00,000
Capital Paid Up	1,00,000
Invested Funds Over	30,00,000

THE ADVANTAGES OF A "NATIONAL" POLICY.

By paying your Premiums at the lowest possible rate available in India, you secure for yourself a Policy which will enable you to tide over the difficulties owing to the loss of income in your old age or provide for your family in case of an early death.

The "National" carries first class risks and offers unique advantages to the Policy holders.

Please write for Prospectus before deciding the question of insuring your life.

The first Indian Insurance Company to lead the way by investing the total sum of Rupees Six lakhs in the First and Second Indian War Loans.

RAE & CO., Managing Agents
P. BANERJEA, Secretary.
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS,
Chief Agents: Bombay Presidency.
72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

INSURE YOUR LIFE IN THE NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO, LIMITED.

Because—

(1) It is one of the foremost Indian Life Offices of unquestionable security.

(2) It offers world-wide policies at moderate rates.

(3) It is one of the very few offices issuing policies with Automatic Protection.

(4) Its policies have no irksome restrictions

For further information, Prospectus, etc. please apply to—

THE GENERAL AGENTS,
Bombay and Deccan,
42, Medows Street,
BOMBAY.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

(HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY).

Chairman—The Hon'ble Sir FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY, Kt.

Attractive Schemes at Low Rates.

For Prospectus and further particulars—Apply to—

SECRETARIES & MANAGERS,
JIVANLAL, DASTUR & Co.,
113, Esplanade Road, Fort.

Contented citizens are a nation's best asset. Satisfied customers are the Wagner Co.'s best asset.

A Large Stock of Motors from ½ to 25 H P., Rectifiers and Electric Instruments for immediate delivery.

BABAN GOKHALAY, *Sole Agent*
BOMBAY No. 4.

AMUSEMENTS.

BABY MARIE OSBORNE

IN

"A LITTLE PATRIOT"

A wonderful story of laughter and joy with just enough pathos and a timely and patriotic vein of drama.

SEE

how the Baby Berhardt organizes an army of kids and captures a German Spy.

DON'T MISS IT.

TIME—7, 8-45 & 10-30 p. m.

IMPERIAL

Matinee Saturday & Sunday 5 p.m. Extra Show Sunday 3-30 p.m.
Saturday Next **THE HIDDEN HAND** Saturday Next.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

THE DRAMATIC EVENTS OF THE SEASON

Friday the 9th and Saturday the 10th at 9-30

HOWITT-PHILLIPS DRAMATIC CO.

WILL PRESENT

"DAMAGED GOODS"

the great drama on Social Evil, by Brieux.

(FOR ADULTS ONLY.)

The noble society of the treatment of the Hidden Scourge removes all occasion for offence. If it awakens the public of India, as it has done that of Great Britain, to a sense of the vital importance of the subject, its performance will have done a great work. Hailed everywhere by Press and Public as a great MORAL LESSON on a matter of GRAVE NATIONAL IMPORTANCE.

"DAMAGED GOODS" is a powerful sermon. It touches with urgency and good sense on all points which have come under discussion before the Royal Commission. The public acting of it must do good.—THE TIMES.

"DAMAGED GOODS": It grips the audience by its intense logic, by its sincerity and its fine humanity.—THE DAILY GRAPHIC.

Booking open at **Rose & Co.**

JUST A REMINDER!

THE BEAUTIFUL SCREEN-DRAMA BY PATHE FRERES

"The Neglected Wife"

is hailed as the best Society Serial hitherto imported into the City.

Fresh 6 parts—6,000 feet—this week.

THE WEST-END CINEMA

(NEW CHURNEY ROAD)

Four Shows Daily: 5-30; 7-0; 8-45 & 10-15 (S.T.)

Ladies admitted at Half Rates in the First Class, *i.e.*, for 4 annas only.

THE MAJESTIC

TRAM TERM. GIRGAUM.

To-night at 7, 8-45 and 10-30

MARIE WALCAMP

IN THE UNIVERSAL MASTER SERIAL

The Red Ace

Episode 7—The Lion's Claws. Episode. 8—The Lair of the Beast.

Tammany's Tiger—A two-reel thrilling Comedy.

Seeing Ceylon with Hy. MYER. A real novelty of the Screen.

ELDORADO

CINEMA

LAMINGTON ROAD, NORTH.

To-night

HELEN HOLMES

IN

A LASS OF THE LUMBERLANDS

Chapter 11—"The Ace High Loses."

SEVENTH INSTALMENT OF

THE MYSTERIOUS BLACK CASE

Episode 13—"Tongues of Flame."
Episode 14—"A Bolt from the Blue."

3 Shows nightly at 7, 8-45 and 10-15.

MOST ASTONISHING EVENTS
FULL OF THRILLS & SENSATIONS
HIGHLY ASTOUNDING SCENES
IN THE THIRD INSTALMENTS OF
THE

Broken Coin

9,000 Feet long

From Saturday 3rd August.
Saturday and Sunday Prize Matinees at 3-30 and 5-15 and Nightly at 7; 8-45 and 10-30 (S.T.)

NEW

ALHAMBRA

CINEMA

NEW SANDHURST ROAD

Telephone No. 2417.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR

Lessees: The Excelsior Theatres Co., Ld.

TO-NIGHT at 9-30

T. DANIEL FRAWLEY

Presents the

Frawley Comedy Co.

To-night Wednesday 7th August
Melo-dramatic Farce
"CHEATING CHEATERS"
It keeps you guessing.
Lately produced in London and New York.

Thursday 8th August
"IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE"

Friday 9th August
The Dramatic Success of New York
"THE GREAT DIVIDE"
By the Rev. Vaughan Moody

Saturday 10th August
The most talked of comedy in the past decade
"A SUCCESSFUL CALAMITY"

Sunday 11th August Matinee at 5-30
"A HOUSE OF GLASS"
Plans as usual at ROSE & Co. upto 6 p.m.; after 7 p.m. at the Theatre.

TO-DAY at 6-30
EXCELSIOR PICTURES.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Bombay's Most Central Theatre
HOWITT PHILLIPS CO:

MATINEE TO-DAY AT 5 p.m
The Screaming Farce
"WHAT THE BUTLER SAW"

TO-NIGHT at 9-30
The Charming Farcical Comedy
"A LITTLE BIT OF FLUFF"

THURSDAY the 8th at 9-30
Horace A. Vachell's Thrilling Drama Introducing the "Eternal Triangle"—a peer, his common wife and a nurse.
"THE CASE OF LADY CAMBER"

FRIDAY the 9th & SATURDAY the 10th
The Great Drama on Social Evil
"DAMAGED GOODS"
By Brieux—Member of the French Academy.
SEE SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENT ON OTHER PAGE

MATINEE SATURDAY the 10th at 5 p. m.
The Great Melodrama by Walter Howard
THE PRINCE & THE BEGGAR MAID

BOOKING AT S. ROSE & Co.
Prices—Night: Stalls Rs. 5, Dress Circle Rs. 3, Balcony Rs. 2, and Gallery Re. 1.
Boxes from Rs. 15 and upwards.
MATINEE PRICES:—Stalls Rs. 3, Dress Circle Rs. 2, and Gallery Re. 1.
Boxes from Rs. 10 and upwards.

NO CINEMA TO-DAY
AS HOWITT-PHILLIPS CO. are giving a Matinee Performance to-day at 5 p. m.

TO-MORROW AT 6-30
New Picture Programme with a Five-Reel Ivan Production.
"TWO MEN & A WOMAN"
FEATURING
The Great Japanese Actress
COUNTESS YUKI YAMBURA
Prices:—Re. 1, Ans. 8, 4 and 2.
Box seats Rs. 2, Family Boxes for 4 Rs. 5.

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To-day at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.

The well-known star-artiste
MRS. VERNON CASTLE
IN
A DRAMA OF DARING
"CONVICT 993"
One of the best Pathe Plays produced in America.

Come and See
MRS. VERNON CASTLE
IN A NEW AND
BRIGHT CROOK DRAMA
LONESOME LUKE
The great comedian in
HIT HIM AGAIN.
HIPPOPOTAMUS HUNTING
A very interesting Film.

COMING Masterpiece
"ROMEO & JULIET"

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At 6-30 ***TO-NIGHT*** At 6-30

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MISS EILEEN GRACE
CH. MORRIS
MISS NORAH MOORE
In Select Varieties and Dances
A Pathetic Love Drama
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Comedy, Comics and Scenic

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GREAT GALA NIGHT!
GRAND TRIPLE BILL
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Varieties, Novelties, Telepathy
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New Artistes! New Artistes!
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ALBERT MORROW
And his own Company present
THE KOMEDY KABINET
A down-to-the-minute
SEANCE OF SPIRITUALISM
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MISS DORIS LEE
THE GREAT
GORDON FORBES
Ventriloquist, assisted by
'NOSEY'—THE DRUMMER
(The Scotch Old Bill)
EDWARD LUPIN
and his
LIVING MARIONETTES
A stage upon a stage, in addition
Humorous Songs, Funny Sayces Dances, etc.
By the augmented
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And so it is the case with the

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From Saturday 3rd August
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"PERILS OF PAULINE"
45,000 Feet Long.
FIRST INSTALMENT 9,000 FEET.
Saturday and Sunday Prize Matinee at 5-15
and
Nightly at 7, 8-45 & 10-30 (S. T.)
"MACISTE ALPINO"
film has been purchased by us with all rights and those wishing to book it are requested to see the Manager immediately.

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The Mighty Serial of the Hour
"The Secret Kingdom"
(45,000 feet)
is creating quite a stir in Cinema-circles. It's one continuous thrill from start to finish.
Four further parts—**5,000** feet—this week.
A Splendid 2-Reel Drama and a Comedy in the Programme.

Special Prize Matinee Show To-day at 5-15 p.m. (S.T.) owing to Hindu Divasa Holiday
To-day: 5-15; 7; 8-45; 10-30 p.m. (S.T.)
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Together with a Full Programme
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Special Music by Mr. SKINNER.

By Special Appointment to His Excellency the Governor.

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18 ct. „	.. .. „	70

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for your Bath toilet,—it will give you enchanting odour of fresh flowers and keep your brain cool as it is medicated.
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THE most powerful but harmless nervine tonic producing startling results, immediate and permanent, in all cases of nervous exhaustion.
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THE WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 5.

Rain from the Bay monsoon has been abundant but that from the Bombay monsoon though widespread shows signs of diminishing. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, Central Provinces except Bihar and the west coast of the peninsula and local in Upper Burma, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, Hyderabad and Mysore. A few falls also occurred in the United Provinces, east Rajputana and Bombay Deccan.

The Chief amounts are:—Victoria Point three inches, Moulmein two, Myitkyina, Dibrugarh and Tezpur one and half, Akyab and V Coxs Bazar five. Cherrapunji six, Chittagong and Burdwan two, Mymensingh three, Dinajpur and Ranchi one, Purnea one and half, Darbhanga two, Jhansi one, Jaipur three quarters, Raipur and Ratnagiri three.

Forecast:—Diminution of rain in the Central Provinces and north Hyderabad. Increase in Bihar and Orissa.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA,
Bombay, 5th Aug. 1918.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr.	29.697 Inches
Temperature of Air	81.7 Degs
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77.2 "
Dew Point	75.6 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.817 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	10.0 "
Maximum temperature of Air	85.1 "
Minimum do; do.	79.2 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	WSW,W.
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight	304 Miles
Fall of Rain	0.22 Inch.
Total fall during month	0.02 "
Do. do. year	28.51 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m., of 6th Aug. 1918	0.00 "

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time. h.	m.	Depth on Sill. ft.	in.	Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean time. h.	m.	Depth on Sill. ft.	in.
	Aug.									
Tues.	6	m 11	24	28	3	6	m 4	31	16	6
		11	17a	26	4		5	30a	18	1
Wed.	7	m 11	57	28	4	7	m 5	18	16	6
		11	55a	26	8		6	2a	17	8
Thur	8	0	26a	28	3	8	m 5	48	16	8
							6	31a	17	4
Fri.	9	m 0	29	26	9	9	m 6	19	16	11
		0	52a	27	11		6	58a	17	2
Sat.	10	m 1	1			10	m 6	48	17	4
		1	16a				7	21a	17	2
Sun.	11	m 1	33			11	m 7	16	17	11
		1	49a				7	52a	17	4
Mon.	12	m 2	6	25	11	12	m 7	46	18	8
		2	5a	26	6		8	23a	17	7

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset, according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

		Sunrise.	Sunset
Aug.	6 (Tuesday)	6h. 17m.	7h. 13m.
"	7 (Wednesday)	6h. 18m.	7h. 12m.
"	8 (Thursday)	6h. 18m.	7h. 11m.
"	9 (Friday)	6h. 18m.	7h. 11m.
"	10 (Saturday)	6h. 18m.	7h. 11m.
"	11 (Sunday)	6h. 19m.	7h. 10m.
"	12 (Monday)	6h. 19m.	7h. 9m.

Phases of the Moon:—

New Moon	7d.	1h.	59.6m.	a.m.
First Quarter	15d.	4h.	46 4m.	a.m.
Full Moon	22d.	10h.	32 3m.	a.m.
Last Quarter	29d.	6h.	57.1m.	a.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 6th August 1918, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear and the air is much drier than usual. Temperature is moderately or considerably above normal in the east and north Punjab, the excess in the maximum ranging up to 17 deg. at Ambala.

The United Provinces.—Allahabad reports 0.42in. of rain. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is in moderate or considerable defect. Day temperature is above the average except at Jhansi, and the excess amounts to 14 deg. except at Allahabad; night temperature is also locally above normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded and humidity is below normal except in lower Sind. Day temperature is in moderate or considerable excess except at Karachi; Jacobabad recorded a maximum of 116.5deg. F. yesterday.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is below normal and day temperature above the average in the north of the division.

The Central Provinces.—Raipur reports 4.38in. of rain, Chanda 0.88in. and Nagpur 0.24in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperature is in slight or moderate defect in the area of rainfall.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Ratnagiri has had 0.12in., Mormugao 0.38in. and Karwar 2.33in. Skies are heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nearly general rain has fallen in Hyderabad and local rain in the south Bombay Deccan; Hyderabad reports 0.35in. of rain, Nizamabad 0.15in., Aurangabad 0.19in. and Belgaum 0.34in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperature is slightly below normal in the north-west of the division.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the Konkan, Hyderabad and the south-east of the Central Provinces, and local in the south Bombay Deccan, the east of the United Provinces and on the north Madras coast; but with the exception of locally heavy falls at Raipur and Karwar and moderate rain at Chanda, the amounts have all been less than half an inch. No rain has fallen in the area to the west of a line joining Bombay and Allahabad and the air continues drier and generally much hotter than usual there.

Rainfall may extend into the Madras Deccan, but is likely to decrease in the Central Provinces.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m., on TUESDAY, the 6th of August, 1918.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall: Past 24 hours	Total, 1st June to date	Departure, 1st June to date
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire						
Do. (5th Aug.)	103.2	88.0	48			
Jask	93.5	84.0	85			—0.08
Do. (Aug.)						
Muscat						
Do. (5th Aug.)	88.8	82.5	79			—0.16
PUNJAB—						
Multan	101.9	83.4	69	..	1.20	—1.95
Rawalpindi	102.6	84 0	41	..	3.48	—4.89
Lahore	103.8	86.1	46	..	2.15	—5.97
Hissar						
Ambala	100.7	88.7	57	..	2.51	—10.05
Delhi	105.1	88.4	47	..	2.17	—10.87
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	105.4	83.6	49	..	3.13	—10.17
Mainpuri	106.1	86.1	50	..	2.03	—9. 6
Jhansi	88.8	78.2	71	..	7.57	—11.08
Cawnpore	100.	84.5	65	..	1.50	—10 23
Allahabad	96 1	77.6	90	0.42	11.59	—6.42
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	116.5	82.4	58	..	0	—1.59
Karachi						
Ajmer	97.4	77.2	64	..	1.88	—3 45
Jalpore	96.8	77.4	70	..	2.47	—9 33
Kotah	98.6	81.0	53	..	6.46	—7.36
Mount Abu	78.0	63.2	95	..	5.95	—20.12
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA						
West—						
Bhuj	91.6	69.8	75	..	0.14	—9.18
Dwarka						
Veraval	85.9	79.6	84	..	5.55	—6.82
Rajkot	92.6	70.6	83	..	6.01	—10.97
Bhavnagar Fare	90.2	77.8	82	..	5.06	—7.56
Surat	84.9	78.9	76	..	13.29	—15.88
Ahmedabad	95.2	76.2	75	..	3 11	—15 .1
Deesa	99.9	79.2	65	..	3.18	—10.0
Neemuch	88.7	74.3	96	..	14 80	—1.63
Indore	82.7	72.1	84	0.04	8.63	—8.48
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	83.8	75.6	87	0.09	18.04	—11.76
Saugor	82.4	75.0	84	0.02	18.25	—5.81
Hoshangabad	85.1	78.8	86	..	18.24	—11.97
Khandwa	84.5	76.5	82	..	9.74	—5.44
Akola	86.9	74.9	89	0.03	7.77	—8 89
Amraoti	83.2	73.8	89	0.03	13.15	—4.15
Nagpur	80.2	73.8	96	0.44	21.29	—4.30
Chanda	82.3	73.2	94	0.88	25.51	—1 25
Raipur	75.0	72.9	96	4.38	46 04	+20.37
KONKAN—						
Bombay	85.1	80.0	82	0.01	16.05	—30 76
Ratnagiri	84.5	76.9	83	0.12	35.91	—30 79
Marmugao	80.8	..	96	0.38	37.22	—28.88
Karwar	..	..	..	..	..	..
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	81.2	74.2	71	0.04	2.80	—7.33
Ahmednagar	81.8	71.5	76	0.04	2.41	—6.58
Poona	86.0	71.6	80	..	1.08	—11 88
Sholapur	92.8	79.1	66	..	3.68	—6 23
Bijapur	87.0	71.5	73	..	1.08	—4.42
Belgaum	74.2	66.5	95	0.34	10 64	—17.57
Aurangabad	77.6	70.5	85	0.19	8.35	—9.98
Nizamabad (Indur).	85.4	72.4	84	0.15	11.11	—8.79
Hyderabad	83.7	74.0	79	0.35	6.03	—5 52
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	87.0	76.1	85	..	39.59	—40.08
Calicut	79.8	72.9	95	0.32	28.93	—40 60
Cochin	8 .	73.7	86	0.28	21 68	—33.46
Colombo	86.6	79.2	81	0.02	8.25	—5.85
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	95.3	76.5	91	0.35	7.12	—4.59
Bellary	92.1	74.5	69	..	0 31	—3.65
Cuddapah	97.4	80.7	57	..	1.87	—5.91
Madras	101.4	82.7	47	..	2.45	—4.36
Bangalore	84.0	64.2	76	..	2.36	—5.52
Coimbatore	87	70 8	75	..	0.21	—3.21
Trichinopoly	98	07.8	56	..	3 62	+0 55
Negapatam	98	2 9 5	65	..	3.66	—0 01

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON

AMERICAN MARKETS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

	New York, Aug. 3rd.			
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	..	..	..	5,000
" Exports to Great Britain	..	..	..	..
" to Continent	..	..	..	..
Futures at New York Oct.	..	..	..	27.45
" " Jan.	..	..	..	26.92
" " Mar.	..	..	..	26.80
Spot Cotton at New York	..	..	..	31.10
" " Orleans	..	..	..	27.75
Futures at New Orleans Oct	..	..	..	2e.50
" " Jan.	..	..	..	26.19
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	..	..	..	8½
Demand Bills	..	..	..	4.75.30
Silver Commercial Bars	..	..	..	99½
	New York, Aug. 5th.			
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	..	..	..	5,000
" Exports to Great Britain	..	..	..	Nil
" to Continent	..	..	..	24, 00
Futures at New York Oct.	..	..	..	27 97
" " Jan.	..	..	..	27 40
" " Mar.	..	..	..	27 38
Spot Cotton at New York	..	..	..	31.50
" " Orleans	..	..	..	27.25
Futures at New Orleans Oct.	..	..	..	27.00
" " Jan.	..	..	..	26.65
Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	..	..	..	8½
Demand Bills	..	..	..	4.75.30
Silver Commercial Bars	..	..	..	99½

(Liverpool cables not to hand.)

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent,)
Aug. 6.

The nominal rate this morning for Fine Broach September was Rs. 895. The Marwadi bazaar opened at Rs. 891 and quickly advanced to Rs. 912 owing to an influx of buyers. Later on the price touched Rs. 918 and declined to Rs. 913. The market is very sensitive, and any drop in prices is quickly recovered when bulls come in. At 4 p.m. the price was steady at Rs. 913. At Colaba the opening rate was Rs. 910, and after fluctuation the closing quotations were as under.

For ready cotton there has not been much enquiry, but holders are firm and are quite prepared to wait for higher prices.

QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

Fine Broach	..	Sept.	..	Rs. 906½
Good Sawginned Dharwar	..	Aug/Sept.	..	" 845
" M. G. Coompta	..	"	..	" 890
" " Westerns	..	"	..	" 845

BOMBAY COTTON TRADE ASSOCIATION.

QUOTATIONS 6TH AUGUST 1918

Growths.	Superfine.	Fine	F.G.	Gd	Delivery.
M.G. Bengals					
Sawginned Dharwar					
M.G. Westerns					
M.G. Coompta					
M.G. Bagalkot					
M.G. Kadi Viramgam					
M.G Anjar					
M.G Mundra					
M.G Limbdi Wadhwan					
Lakter Ginned					
M.G. Athni Miraj					
M.G. Broach					

Rates unchanged from 5th inst.

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc. for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m., on 5th Aug. 1918

Cotton	7 187 bales.
Wheat	15 032 cwts.
Linseed	4 291 "
Rape, &c	1,427 "
Gingellyseed	Nil
Poppyseed	541 "
Groundnuts	2,463 "
Castorseed	17,533 "
Rice	7 202 "
Myrabollams	1,734 "
Cottonseed	1,977 "
Mowraseed	121 "
Gram	6,662 "
Jowar	7 "
Maize	Nil
Barley	1,212 "

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

BULLION.

Bar Gold Rs. 32-5-0.
Sovereigns Rs. 19-12-0.
Silver Ready ex-duty Rs. 110-10-0.
Silver 1st Settlement Rs. 110-10-0.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. on London 1/5 31/32.
D. D. on London 1/6 1/16.
Credit 3Msd/a 1/6 7/16.
D. D. on France Fr. 203.
Credit 3Msd/a Fr. 212.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 144½.
60 D/st Japan Rs. 159½.
D. D. on Hongkong Rs. 221½.
D. D. on Shanghai Rs. 317½.
D. D. on Singapore Rs. 155½.
D. D. on New York Rs. 279.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates.
5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47 88.
5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920-22 98.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 78.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan 93.
3½ per cent. Paper 68.
4½ per cent. Port Trust Long dated due 1926. 88.
4 per cent. Port Trust Long dated 78.
4 per cent. Municipal Long dated 77.
4 per cent. Municipal Short dated 90.
4 per cent. City Improvement Trust Long dated 76.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa 91½.
5 per cent. Municipal Sanitary 91.
The following are the Bank rates.
Bank of Bombay 5 per cent.
Bank of Bengal 5 per cent.
Bank of Madras 7 per cent.

SHARES.

The Market was steady and a good amount of business was done chiefly in Tata Iron and Steel both Ordinary and Deferred shares due to speculative purchases. In Cotton Mill shares there were less transactions and the market closed quiet.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

Standard 2.060, Swan 955, Swadeshi 2.400, Simplex 1,072-8, Shapurji 155, Pearls 787-8, New Greats 467-8, Shapurji 155, Madhowji 2.975, Kohinoor 1.695, Kastoorchand 1.540, Ind. Malwa 408-12, Ind. Bleaching 2'0, Finlay 740, Fazulbhoy 955, David 952-8, Currimbhoy 487-8, Crescent 310, Century 567-8, Cen. India 2,850, By. United 1,200, By. Dyeing 1,665, Advance 1,640, Bundi 24-8, Cen Mining 44, Ind. Cement 355, Katni ord. 260, Katni defd. 1,360, Shivarajpur 47, Tata ord. 277-8, Tata New ord. 95, Tata Old defd. 1,375, Tata New defd. 402-8, By. Burma 800, By. Tramway 395, By. Steam 402-8, Tata Hydro 1,260.

The following are the closing rates of the New Stock Exchange.

Standard 2,072-8, Swan 955, Swadeshi 2,410, Simplex 1,075, Shapurji 155, Pearls 787-8, New Greats 470, Morarji 4,200, Madhowji 2,975, Kohinoor 1,695, Kastoorchand 1,550, Ind. Malwa 412-8, Ind Bleaching 220, Finlay 740, Fazulbhay 955, David 590, Currimbhoy 485, Crescent 310, Century 567-8, Cen. India 2,850, By. United 1,200, By. Dyeing 1,660, Advance 1,640, Bundi 23-8, Cen. Mining 44, Ind. Cement 350, Katni ord. 260, Katni defd. 1,360, Shivarajpur 45, Tata ord. 277-8, Tata New ord 90, Tata Old defd. 1,390, Tata New defd. 390, By. Burma 815, By. Tramway 395, By. Steam 412-8, By. Telephone 200, and Tata Hydro 1,250.

HELP THE ALLIES.

TRY YOUR LUCK !

A fine opportunity for the Poor.
CAMBAY STATE WAR LOAN LOTTERY.

FIRST PRIZE OF RS. 20,000.

PRICE OF EACH TICKET Rs. 2.

This lottery is started with the permission of the Administrator of the Cambay State. The amount realised will be distributed in prizes after deducting the expenses and the commission. It will be drawn in the presence of the State Officers and the gentry. All prizes except the last will be given in War Loan or Cash Certificates.

The Closing Day—9th Sept. 1918.
The Drawing Day—23rd Sept. 1918.

For particulars apply to the Secretaries, Cambay State War Loan Lottery, Cambay.

AMBALAL JOSHI,
B. N. SHAH,
Hon. Secretaries.

Cambay, 18th June, 1918. 959

COSSI SILK
Cossi Silk for one suit complete for Rs 7-8.
Pure Cossi Silk for one suit complete for Rs 16-8
PURE COSSI SILK DHOTIE
With plain and fancy borders suitable for Ladie's and Gentlemen's use.
Size 5 yds. × 44 inches. Price Rs. 11-8 per dhotie.
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Size:—3 yds. × 50 inches
With plain border on sides Price Rs. 7.
With fancy border on sides. Price Rs. 10.
Order from
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What Mr. T. Pormerod, Principal, Government Central Weaving Institute, Benares, says:—
I have seen the samples of your silk and mercerised cloths. They are well wooven and well finished. They appear durable and of good quality and their prices are reasonable.

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THE
Hindustan Soap & Candle Works, Ltd.,
WALKESHWAR ROAD, BOMBAY
prepares best kinds of Bar and Toilet Soaps, free from animal fat.
A TRIAL SOLICITED.
Special rates for Wholesale Merchants and Commission Agents.
For further particulars apply.

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BY G. W. M. REYNOLDS.

		Rs.	as.	p.
(1)	Mysteries of the Court of London 17 vols.	12	0	0
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(3)	Beauty and Pleasure in 9 vols.	6	0	0
(4)	Bronze Statue in 4 vols.	3	0	0
(5)	Loves of the Harem in 4 vols.	3	0	0
(6)	Mary Stuart in 2 vols.	1	4	0
(7)	Rye House plot in 4 vols.	3	0	0
(8)	May Middleton in 2 vols.	1	8	0
(9)	Pickwick Abroad in 3 vols.	2	4	
(10)	Seamstress in 2 vols.	1	0	
(11)	Coral Island in 4 vols.	3	0	0

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Dealers in all kinds of Electrical, Accessories and Fancy Goods Wholesale and Retail. Undertake Repairs of Fans and Contract of Installations of buildings.
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Manilla Ropes 1½" to 8"
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FOUNTAIN PEN.
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It is a companion that never fails at the right moment.
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Self-filling pens
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	Alphabet set.		
Stencil Plate.	A to Z	½ inch	4 per set
"	"	1 "	5 "
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"	"	2 "	10 "
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"	1 to 9 & 0	½ inch.	1 4 per set
"	"	1 "	1 14 "
"	"	1½ "	2 8 "
"	"	2 "	3 8 "

STENCIL INKS & BRUSHES

Stencil Ink.	Big tin.	1 Re. 12 annas.
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" "	Small "	8 Annas.
Brushes No. 1		8 "
" "	2	10 "
" "	3	12 "

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THE "ROYAL" FIRE EXTINGUISHERS
have already been the means of saving many a life.
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THE LARGEST & MOST RELIABLE HOUSE.
Telephone: 2475. Telegrams, "Autoworks."

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Mails for Mauritius, and Reunion via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m.

FRIDAY, August 9.

Whist Drive and Dance at the G. I. P Byculla Mechanic's Institute at 9-30 p.m. Prizes.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT.

Royal Opera House: Cinema at 6.30, 9-30 Howitt Phillips Co.

Excelsior: Frawley Co., at 9-30 and Cinema at 6-30.

Palace of Varieties: Gaiety Theatre 6-30 and 10-0.

West-End Cinema: Charni Road, 5-30, 7-0 8-45 and 10-15.

Empire Cinema: At 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

Majestic Cinema: Girgaum, near Tram Terminus: 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.

Imperial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30.

Precious Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 (S.T.).

New Alexandra Cinema: Lohar Chawl, Princess Street.

Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45, and 10-30 (S.T.).

New Alhambra Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 (S.T.).

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOMBAY.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	16 30	14 25
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore)...	15 30	21
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) ...	9 15	13 0
Madras Mail ... ... —	8 40	21 35
Poona Mail — ... —	11 30	14 45
Poona Express	19 40	7 50

B B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M
Northern Express — ...	12 30	16
Gujarat Mail ... —	8 25	21
Kathiawar 3rd class Express —	7 56	21 20

BAND AT BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

The Band of an Indian Defence Force, Railway Bn. will play at the Bombay Gymkhana at 6-15 p.m., to-day.

SPECIAL CONGRESS.

The adjourned meeting of the Reception Committee will be held at the Bombay Presidency Association Rooms at 6 p.m. to-day.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE PAREL.

Under the auspices of the Social Service League, Parel Branch, Shrimat Paramahnusa Pariurajakacharaya Swami Bodhanand Saraswati will deliver Prawachan on "Yoga and Oopanishadha" from to-day for one week between 9 and 10 p.m. (S.T.) at Parel Branch, Chinchpoogly.

THE UNITED JAIN STUDENTS' HOME.

The first annual report of the U. J. S. Homes at Bombay and Ahmedabad was read by Mr. Vadilal M. Shah on the 31st July before a meeting of the Managing Committee presided over by Mr. Jawahirmul of Seth Binodiram Balchand. Mr. Shah and his partner, Mr. Manilal, bore all the recurring expenses for the year under report and Mr. Shah voluntarily undertook the costs of Scholarships. He had collected from his friends and admirers a sum of Rs. 29,978 which he reserved and also managed to realise Rs. 652 by way of interest. The money is deposited in the Bank of India and Morarji Gokuldas Mills on three names. During the year under report 57 students studying in different colleges took advantage of the Home at Bombay and 32 at Ahmedabad. All who needed scholarships were helped with Mr. Shah's money. Perfect harmony and a deep sense of fellow feeling prevails in the Homes. Mr. Shah proposed to the committee that the scholarship fund be shortly raised to Rs. 50,000 and a regular trust be made, keeping the amount intact for 12 years, so as to fetch an equal sum by way of interest. From the thirteenth year the fund would yield Rs. 500 a month which would suffice for scholarships. He declared that he had secured promises of Rs. 550 a month to continue for 8 years and that he was trying to secure a few more promises, so as to be able to defray the expenses of scholarship for 12 years. The Committee approved of the scheme, passed the Report and thanked Mr. Shah for his selfless exertions. It was declared that the recurring expenses will hereafter he borne by Mr. Shah.

INSANITARY KAMATIPURA.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I hope the following few lines will be published in your widely read paper.

It a long standing comp'aint of the residents of Kamatipura that the Streets in the area are never in good condition. They are full of ups and downs and the gutters on both sides are always found choked up with Bdi leaves and re never properly flourished. When the attention of the public is being constantly drawn to the importance of sanitation to my surprise it was found that the milch cattle stable at the south of Kamatipura has been converted into a "kachara" depot, which is a source of constant nuisance to the people living near by. The foul and offensive smell makes the passers-by to suspend their breath for a time while passing along the northern portion of the Trimbuk Purshuram Street.

It is strange that under these circumstance the attention of the corporaters who represent the E ward of which Kamatipura constitutes an integral part has not been drawn as yet, although one of them resides in this area has not attempted to bring this matter to the notice of the corporation.—Yours, etc.

VINAYAK S. KALEVAR.

3rd Kamatipura,
Bombay, August, 5.

TANJORE MASALA POWDER

MOST delicious and charming vegetable flavouring powder. If used with all preparations of vegetarian and non-vegetarian diet, makes it quickly digestive, relishable and agreeable to the palate. The flavour imparted to the preparation is simply enchanting. Most orthodox Brahmins and others can use this without the least scruples. Price per tin As. 8; V.P.P. charges for 1 to 4 tins As. 5 only extra.

P. SUBBAROY,
Ayurvedic Pharmacy, Tanjore.
Please mention this paper when ordering.

COTTON CRISIS.

A DANGEROUS SITUATION.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The rampant feeling, of bullying or concerning Cotton, prevalent in the minds of wealthy speculators, in spite of the crisis occasioned in April last, instead of abating, has been increasing daily. Prices are being driven up daily, and one does not know where the over-greediness of the operators will receive a check. The prices of cloth naturally along with Cotton are being also forced higher and higher daily. The Government have declared more than once that they are anxious to give relief to the poor masses by checking the undue increase in the price of clothing. Before any definite action contemplated by the Government is taken it is really undesirable, if not dangerous, to allow the prices to go higher and higher daily. Along with Cotton, speculation on a collossal scale is being carried on in different varieties of clothing as well as yarn. To give an idea as to the trend of the heavy dealings in Cotton the following particulars will be found interesting:—

Date.	Price of Broach for September. Rs.	Prices in New York July. Rs.
15th July	744	27.95
2nd ,, ...	776	28.70
27th ,, ...	778-819	27.10
29th ,, ...	864-888	25.40
30th ,, ...	829	24.80
2nd Aug.	869	not received
3rd ,, ...	918	

The dangerous point of Rs. 918 having been forced up, the situation allround became critical, and the people thought within the next 48 hours, prices will go to about Rs. 1,000. The same action was deemed necessary and on Sunday the usual market was not opened. To-day the brokers met and they have for the next three days fixed up the maximum price of Rs. 925 and the minimum price of Rs. 875. The Committee appointed by the Government to control the Cotton Trade, according to the Press Note, recently published is coming into force on the 15th instant, and it is hoped that the said Committee will find and employ means to check the wild speculation, which is being carried on even in these critical days without any thought being given to the interest of the millions of the masses who are suffering for want of proper clothing.

From the above it will be seen that last week practically within 48 hours prices of Broach Contract were forced up by nearly Rs. 100 per candy, and on the other hand during the period the New York and Liverpool markets had gone down by about 4 cents and two pence respectively. Such a wild market has never been observed in the history of the Trade. The Bombay Cotton Trade Association, Ltd., clearly saw the danger in which the market was placed, and on the 2nd instant issued the following notices with a view to prevent any crisis.

No. 568/19/1 of 1917/18.

BOMBAY COTTON TRADE ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.
Bombay, 2nd August, 1918.
NOTICE.

In view of the apparent speculative activity developing in this market in respect of certain Contracts maturing next month and which may by the action of speculators result in cornering certain special descriptions of cotton, the Board of this Association desires to direct the attention of the Trade to their resolution dated the 28th of February, 1917, and to re-affirm their intention of strictly adhering to the policy therein declared as regards the fixing of rates.

By order of the the Board of Directors,
(Sd.) NOEL WILKINSON.
Secretary.

BOMBAY COTTON TRADE ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.
Bombay, 28th February, 1917.

It has been brought to the notice of the Directors that a misapprehension prevails in the mind of some members and associates as to the effects of Rule 3 of the bye-laws, which formed the subject of discussion in some recent litigation in the High Court of Bombay. This rule imposes upon the Directors the duty of meeting on or about the 25th of each month for the purpose of fixing and registering the market rates of the cotton for the purpose of contracts falling due on the 25th of the month. The fixing of the rate for the purpose mentioned in the rule is to be done by the Directors and not as is too often taken for granted by the buyers and sellers of cotton who buy and sell at rates which they consider suitable for their own purposes.

A section of the Trade appears to be erroneously of opinion that the Directors' functions under the said rule is merely to register the rates at which transactions of sale and purpose have been entered into by some contracting party for special purposes of their own, and this erroneous impression has led at times to operations which have proved disastrous not only to the parties concerned but to the trade at large.

In order therefore to prevent the mischief induced by these erroneous impressions, the Directors wish to direct the attention of members and association and the trade generally to the said rule, and to impress on them that under this rule the Directors are not merely a registering machine to record the rates at which buyers and sellers of cotton choose to carry on their operation, but that their duties are to fix and register the market rates having regard to the surrounding circumstances and to the real values about the time of due date.

Having regard to what has taken place in cotton market in recent times, it is possible there may be occasion for a very great divergence between the rates and the Directors may in the discharge of their duties, feel bound to fix the rates at which some buyers and sellers of cotton may choose to carry on their operations.

The Directors would point out that they are confirmed in their view of their duty by the judgment of the appeal court in Shridhar vs. Gordhandas, I. L. R. 28 Bombay, P. 235.

In issuing this notice the Directors wish to emphasise the fact that the notice is not in any way directed against either buyers or sellers in particular. They only wish to bring prominently to the notice of the trade general powers which they hold under the rules of the Association to guide them in fixing the rates.

(Sd.) NOEL WILKINSON.
Secretary.

The present dangerous position is chiefly responsible to a wealthy gentleman from Ahmedabad. He entered the market about the 22nd of July and September Broach was quoted in the Bazar at about Rs. 740-45. He continued to buy freely at Rs. 770. On Saturday, the 27th rates for this contract were about Rs. 778 and on Monday within 48 hours the prices were forced up to Rs. 888. It is really high time that the Government intervened at once in the matter, otherwise the situation is bound to become too dangerous. The prices of clothing are going up so very high daily that if Government does not take some drastic but well thought out action, the situation will become really dangerous and is bound to cause a good deal of anxiety to Government.—Yours, etc.,

X. Y. Z.

Bombay, Aug. 6.

FALL FROM FOURTH FLOOR.

FATHER AND DAUGHTER DIE

A PITEOUS TALE.

The Coroner concluded the inquest into the death of Vasanji Jairam, a Lohana Bania, aged 55, and his daughter Manoobai aged about 16, who fell from the fourth floor of a house in Garibdas Lane, Wadgadi, on the night of the 31st ultimo, and were killed on the spot.

Mr. Mangaldas T. Mehta appeared for Virbai, widow of the deceased Vasanji, and mother of the girl.

Inspector Home led the evidence.

Virbai recalled said the deceased Vasanji about eight months ago, had betrothed the deceased Manoobai to one Maojee who was a student at the New Alexandra High School. Vasanji tried to get Maoji educated also. Maoji being a poor boy, Vasanji got him a room near the house and engaged tutors. But Maoji would not learn and ran away from the room some six or seven months ago and went to work. Vasanji used to advise Maoji to study, to better his prospects. Manoobai did not want to marry Maoji and Vasanji was worried. On the 26th July the two deceased and witness went to a solicitor and at the direction of Vasanji, the solicitor wrote to Maoji making certain accusations against him. On and before the 31st July the two deceased remained absent from the house practically all day. On the 31st July they returned home at 4 p.m. Soon after Manoo took off her earrings and asked witness to get them washed, and at about 7 p.m. they took food. Witness then went into the room and the two deceased remained in the hall. Shortly after witness heard a thud and an alarm. As Vasanji used to get giddy sometimes witness thought he might have fallen.

The people came and told witness that the two deceased had fallen. Witness did not suspect foul play, and she could not say why they should have committed suicide. They had been apparently worrying about the marriage. There was some talk of Manoobai having bound herself in writing to Maoji. She was her daughter.

Mr. Tricumdas Premji, a cloth merchant, said he knew both the deceased. A marriage had been arranged between Manoobai and Maoji. The girl was well educated, but Maoji was not. Vasanji tried to educate Maoji, and to help him to get on. Vasanji wanted to have the betrothal annulled, and so was the girl. And witness advised him to see a solicitor. On the evening of 31st July he was told that deceased wanted to see witness, and after a time he heard an alarm that somebody had fallen, and he found both the deceased lying on the road. They could not have fallen accidentally. They appeared to be worried of late.

The jury reurned a verdict that the deaths were caused by injuries received in a fall from a verandah sixty feet above the street level. The fall appeared to have been suicidal.

STRYCHNINE TRAGEDIES.

TWO COOLIES DIE AT ALEXANDRA DOCK.

The Coroner held an inquest on the bodies of Babu and Kira Subana, workmen employed in the Alexandra Dock. It appears that four coolies the two deceased and Janya Subana and Vithu Ramaya broke open a case in No. 8 Shed of the Alexandra Dock and took out a bottle and drank its content taking it to be liquor. The bottle, however, contained "Strychnine hydro-chlor" and the two deceased dropped down dead. The third man, found in convulsions, was taken to the hospital; the fourth also feeling the effects of the poison himself went to the G. T. Hospital. Both of them were doing well.

The Shed Superintendent, Aaron Ebrahim, in his deposition before the Coroner stated, that on hearing the two deceased were lying on the ground he went to the spot and found the third man shivering; he made signs that he and the deceased had drunk out of a bottle which was labelled "Strychnine." The case had no labels on them.

The jury returned a verdict of death from strychnine poisoning, the poison having apparently been drunk in error at No. 8 Alexandra Dock

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 6.

The share market was very strong in all its branches. Jute shares maintained their prices and showed some appreciation in market value. Coal shares were sought after and a fairly large business was put through at full rates. The industrial section was also well patronised with a large turnover in shares favourite stocks obtaining full rates. The following were the closing quotations:—

Coal:—Baraboni 16, Bansjorah 24, Bilbora 8-12, Burrakur 48-8, Gopalichuck 13-12, Jumoni 11-12, Kasta 8 p, Kinuri 12-8, Kuardi 24-8, New Kessurgarh 24-8, Northern 17, Ondal (ord) 36-8, Phularitand 11-10, Samla Kendra 18-12, Sendra 23-12, Sudamdih 4-2, Searsole 9-11, Western 25-12.

Jute:—Alliance (ord) 768, Auckland (ord) 420, Barnagore (ord) 135, Bally 278, Belvedere (ord) 622, Caledonian 686, Delta (ord) 708, Fort Gloster (ord) 882, Fort William (ord) 470, Howrah (ord) 55-12, Kamarhatty (ord) 882, Kankanarrah (ord) 925, Khardah (ord) 500, Lansdowne (ord) 424, Lothian (ord) 372, Northbrook (ord) 64, Reliance (ord) 48, Soorah (ord) 296, Standard (ord) 674.

Miscellaneous:—Anglo Oriental Navigation 44-8, Bengal Paper (ord) 122, Bengal Brass 37-14, Britannia Biscuits 16-4, Buxar Timber 20-4, Calcutta Trams 94, Eastern Paint 23, Enamelled Ironware 3-8 p, Great Indian Phosphate 45 p, Indian Galvanizing 16-8, fully paid, Indian Iron and Steel 3-4 p, Kalyanpur Lime 21-4, Kumardhubi Engineering (ord) 60, Steel Products 19-8, Triton Insurance 75, Titaghur Paper (ord) 429.

Government Paper 3½ per cent. was quoted at Rs. 68-8 to 69 and small lots were done at Rs. 69 to 69-9.

The "Civil and Military Gazette" understands that the last issue of the Urdu "Haq," the war journal of the Punjab Publicity Committee, has had a phenomenal sale in Lahore. Originally 20,000 copies were printed of which 8,000 were sold in one day in Lahore alone by the news boys and 10,000 more are being printed.

RUSSIAN LADY IN COURT.

CHARGES A LIEUTENANT WITH ASSAULT.

SETTLEMENT BETWEEN PARTIES.

Before Mr. Frank Oliviera, at the Esplanade Police Court, Mrs. Polly Gbnnie, a Russian, charged Lt. Davy, of the Bombay Artillery, with insult and assault. Mr. P. N. Godinho appeared for the prosecution and Mr. Vicaji F. Vicaji defended.

It was stated for the complainant that the accused was lodging with her and her husband in Agakhan Building, Homji Street. On the 17th July in the afternoon, accused came home drunk. He called her from her room during his meal and asked her what she would do if her husband joined the army as a private. The complainant laughed and asked him not to speak like a child. She also said her husband was making plenty of money, as an engineer, and there was no reason for him to join the army. The accused thereupon got angry and called her names, and threw a big slice of bread at her; he also picked up his knife and fork and rushed on her for her life. She then ran away from the house and almost fainted from fright.

Cross-examined by Mr. Vicaji, the complainant said she did not call the accused a fool. She did not get hysterical and run away because he said that she was a Russian and had no sympathy with the Allies.

After the complainant had given evidence in support of her statement the Magistrate asked whether there was any chance of an amicable settlement. The parties then conferred together, and a settlement was arrived at. The accused expressed his regret for the incident, and the other side withdrew all allegations.

PROTEST AGAINST ORDER ON MR. TILAK.

A meeting of the Home Rule League, Amalner, was held on the 4th instant, when the following resolution was passed:

"This meeting of the members of the Home Rule League, Amalner, enters a strong and emphatic protest against the action of Government in prohibiting Lokamanya Tilak to make public speeches, under the Defence of India Act, by an order dated 31st July, 1918. This meeting has firm conviction in the loyalty and sincerity of Lokamanya Tilak and the action of Government is all the more reprehensible, as the order is issued in spite of Lokamanya Tilak's sincere efforts to secure men and money for the successful prosecution of the war."

A copy of the resolution was forwarded to the Governor of Bombay.

"DAMAGED GOODS."

"Damaged goods" will be staged on Friday, 9th for the first time in Bombay by the Howit-Phillips Co., at the Royal Opera House. It was first produced in London in March last at St. Martin's Theatre—where for six weeks ahead the entire house was sold and tickets were only obtainable if booked two months in advance. People came in thousands to see this wonderful play of Brieux, dealing it does with the great social evil for ever in our midst.

Since its first production in London—where it ran for over 15 month—it has been staged in America, South Africa, New Zealand, and Australia with equal success to that achieved in London. The play is so popularr that there are no less than three companies at the present time touring the Provinces in England and six companies playing it in America—In India only one Howwit-Phillips!

DEATH OF LADY LEDGARD.

(Associated Press.)

CAWNPORE, Aug. 6.

A cable, received from England, announces the dealth of Lady Ledgard on the 2nd instant. Sir Henry and Lady Ledgard left Cawnpore about three years ago, and the deceased lady will long be remembered for many acts of kindness during her long stay in Cawnpore.

PARSIS AND THE PROVINCIAL C. S.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I am sure you will oblige not alone myself but the Parsi community by giving a little space to the following in your esteemed columns. At last Monday's sitting of the Council, the Hon. Khan Bahadur Ebrahim Haroon Jaffer complained that no Mahomedan had been appointed to the Provincial Civil Service in the Presidency proper since 1911. The hon. member perhaps did not realise that the Service not being divided into different compartments for Sind and for the Presidency proper, the three appointments given in it to Mahomedans ought to satisfy the community. It is, however, a pity that neither of the two Parsi hon. members present took advantage of the occasion to point out that, as regards their community, since 1902—that is for a period of 16 years and over—no Parsi candidate has been nominated to any post whatsoever in the Service, although during the same period 11 Hindus, 10 Mahomedans and four Christians have secured such appointments. I ask in all fairness if this is just to a community that, to say the least, is second to none in point of loyalty to the British Crown. Even this year, there were four vacancies to be filled by nomination, and two of them have gone to Hindus, and a third (for Sind) to a Mahomedan. Will it be too much for the Parsi community to hope that in making the appointment for the last vacancy this year its just claims will not be again overlooked by the Government?—Yours, etc.,

MEHTA,

August, 5.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Bank of Madras on Monday evening the rate of interest was reduced by one per cent. namely, six per cent.

THE DEBATE ON THE RENT BILL NO. 2.

"LOOK ON THIS PICTURE AND ON THIS!"

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is really a matter of surprise that such strong opposition should have been offered to the new Rent Bill, No. 2 by the elected members of the Legislative Council and it is no wonder H. E. the President and the Hon. Mr. Lallubhai Samaldas expressed their surprise for the same openly at the council meeting. As H. E. the Governor said "the principle running through the new Bill is exactly the same as the principle of the original Bill" which they passed in March last. It is very disheartening to find that those hon. members who strongly advocated the principle of the original Bill should now have thought it fit to oppose it. His Excellency is reported to have read extracts from the speeches of two of the hon. members made in March last and properly expressed his surprise that those very members, who had supported the principle of that Bill, should oppose the Bill now on the Legislative anvil. I have not seen the extracts but I hasten to quote here in parallel columns, what some of the non-official elected hon. members said then and what they say now. It is a matter of great consolation that the nominated official class should have come to the relief of the poorer classes in the Presidency at this juncture. Here are those opinions, the earlier ones having been taken from the "Government Gazette."

The Hon. Mr. Goculdas Parekh.

"As regards the provisions of this Bill I think that the provisions of this Bill which are intended to protect the poorer classes who are considerably affected by the increase of rents meet with very little opposition.

"I think that the benefit of this measure should be limited to persons who pay a monthly rent of Rs. 100 or less."

Opposed the Bill and said no sufficient reasons had been brought for the arbitrary enactment.

The Hon. Mr. Harchandrai Despande.

He was one of those who whole heartedly supported the principal Act:—

"So far as the principle of the Bill is concerned, I think there is unanimity of opinion that there is necessity for the introduction of this measure. Of course generally on occasions like this when emergency legislation is necessary, we hear these platitudes in the press and on the platform as to the sacred rights of property and this and that."

Opposed the whole of the Bill with force and firmness. No case had been made out for the Present Bill.

The Hon. Mr. C. V. Mehta.

"I rise to give my hearty support to the first reading of the Bill."

If there was a real necessity for legislation the appropriate thing to do would be to amend the existing Rent Act.

The Hon. Mr. G. V. Sathe.

Accorded his hearty support to the first reading:—

"Would it not be right for us to adopt a step which would be in the interests of the majority of the people even though it may likely result in a loss to a very few big landlords?"

There was no necessity for the new legislation.

The proper thing to do was to amend the principal Act in such a way as to give relief to the poorer classes.

The Hon. Mr. Manmohandas Ramji.

"I agree with the main principle underlying this Bill which aims at giving relief to those who are less favourably situated in the economic organization of the Presidency and so far as this object is in view this Bill deserved the support of all right thinking men."

To give powers in the name of a War measure to deprive private individuals of their full proprietory rights was likely to be misconstrued as zoolum on the part of the Government and he urged that such a measure should not be proposed at a time when people were asked to co-operate with the Government and help them with all their resources in prosecuting the War."

The Hon. Mr. P. N. Desai.

"I rise to give my hearty support to this Bill. It is said that this is a war measure a measure of emergency and therefore we must give our hearty support to it."

The Bill should not be supported by the Council. It seriously encroached upon the property rights of individuals.

Now look on this picture and on this!

As H. E. said, it would be a very serious thing if the bill were thrown out in its entirety. It would be equally dangerous, I think if the Bill were shorn of its penal clauses. On the contrary I should say that the limit of rent to which the penal clauses are to apply, should be increased at least to Rs. 50.

In war times a law like the Moratorium would be justified on principle. In France, under the operation of a war measure it has become almost impossible for landlords to recover rents at all. We are lucky that in Bombay, which owns a defended harbour, where thousands of soldiers and sick and wounded come and go there is no such stringency used. The landlords, however, must in a way thank Government that on account of the Rent Act their rents do not remain in arrears and that tenants themselves, howsoever poor they may be actually go and offer the proper rent to them or send it to them by money order which they have the goodness to refuse and continue harassing the tenants. The latter can ill afford to keep the rents in hand for months together but are subsequently made to fork them out at a stroke by their wealthy landlords threatening to make them vacate the premises if they failed to do so.

But it is forgotten, why the present Bill has had to be brought. The Notification under the Defence of India Act being about to expire in six months a special Bill was found necessary, so as to avoid the issue of similar notifications every half-year, and while the principal Bill was introduced the bringing of a separate measure like this was even foreshadowed by the hon. member who introduced it and also by the President.

The hon. members object strongly to the penal clause but it should be remembered that at the time of the first reading of the principal Bill a penal clause did stand therein. And it may be asked: Did not this Notification contain a penal clause (Sec. 5) inflicting six months' imprisonment or fine of Rs. 1,000 or both? The main difference then, between the Notification and the Bill is that the latter has been extended to tenements having a rental of Rs. 20.

There is one slight error in the speech of the Hon. Mr. Setlna who has taken a very courageous and sympathetic part on behalf of the tenant-class which I have to point out with great deference:—

Referring to Section 7 (1) the hon. member said:

"In the second Sub-section of the same clause the expression 'legal representative' does not appear in the principal Act and consequently a definition of it is not found therein. It will therefore have to be defined in the new Bill."

Now if he had turned to Section 12 of the principal Act he would have noticed that in that Act, too, there is a similar mention made that of payment of the amount in excess over the standard rent would be recovered from the landlord who received the payment or his "legal representative" and Sub-section (2) of the same section says: "In this section the expression 'legal representative' has the same meaning as in the Code of Civil Procedure 1908 and includes also in the case of joint family property the joint family of which the deceased was a member."—Yours, etc.,

R. B. PAYMASTER.

TAXATION OF TEA INDUSTRY.

MR. SUBEDAR ON UNFAIRNESS OF EXEMPTION.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Aug. 5.

Speaking before the Society for the advancement of Indian agriculture, Mr. M. Subedar referred to the proposed exemption of tea industry from the income-tax Act for one year. For thirty-two years, he said, the Government by not charging income-tax had practically put several lakhs of rupees from the pocket of the Indian taxpayer into the pocket of the English tea planters. It was intolerable that a further exemption should be given to tea in which many concerns were earning from 100 to 250 per cent. profit while the sugar industry attempted by Indians was being taxed. Lord Sydenham was now the president of the Tea Association in London. Indian opinion was slow to move but people should now make up their minds not to permit this kind of partiality to European commercial interests. There can be no reality in any reforms so long as this stepmotherly attitude continued.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Aug. 6.

Monsoon has given heavy rain in North-east India, but little rain outside this area except in Burma and Central Provinces.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, east of the United Provinces, Central Provinces except Berar, Hyderabad south-west and local in Konkan, Malabar, Madras Deccan, and North Madras Coast.

A few falls also occurred in Upper Burma and Bombay Deccan.

The chief amounts are: Myithkina, one and a half inches; Mergui and Akyab, two; Cox's Bazar, Jessore and Saugor Island, three; Cherrapunji, Chittagong, Narayanganj and Barisal, five; Darjeeling, four; Dinajpur, six; Hazaribag, three; Patna, five; Raipur, four; Chand, Jagdalpur, and Cocanada, one and a half.

Forecast:—No large change.

SOLDIERS GRIEVANCES.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—One cannot restrain from asking you space in your valuable paper to bring to light the things which are going on at No. 5 Reserve Battalion every day, and enquire how it is nothing is being done. We do not want to make it a subject to "John Bull", but I fear it will be quite a necessity. The other day appeared in one of your columns an article re. "Soldiers' Grievances", and for a while everybody got wound up and things got smooth again and prices normal. Officers with red bands on collars were very noticeable, but somehow profiteering has begun again. Cigarettes, the chief comfort of a soldier are annas 4-6. We were dumbfounded to see our Commanding Officer condemn food, etc., in the Y. M. C. A., which is the most creditable Institute in Camp and because of its enormous trade it is barred from opening before 11 a.m. This I might state: simply because it is an Army Institute it does not pay into the so-called P. R. I. any of its profits. Do away with the P. R. I. and Tommy will get *Justice*.—Yours, etc.,

"TRY AGAIN."

THE WAR LOAN.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is indeed very strange that Bombay, the first city in India, is far behind Calcutta in the war loan campaign. It has always been our proud boast that Bombay is at the helm of every public movement, but unfortunately Calcutta has stolen a march over us this time, when we have arrived at the most critical moment of this world-wide war, in spite of so many advertisements that have appeared in our local journals, and the constant reminders "Buy war loan bonds" are so prominently posted in all creaks and corners of Bombay that anyone who runs may read. This slow progress in regard to the war loan may be attributed to the lethargic attitude of our citizens who will I am afraid only awake when the German Wolf is at their door. "Awake, arise, or be for ever fallen, should be our daily thoughts that will goad us to action; it is the last straw that breaks the camel's back—so it is our last *Pie* that will break the Huns' back.—Yours, etc.,

BUXY MIR SHUJAUDDIN KHAN.

Bandra, Aug. 2.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Wednesday, 7th August, 1918.

"TO HIM THAT HATH!"

Among the questions which Mr. Montagu and Lord Chelmsford have discussed in their Report and in regard to which they have made positive recommendations, is that of increase of salaries and emoluments. Rates of pay, they recommend, should be reconsidered, incremental time-scales should be generally introduced and increments continue until the superior grade is attained and the maximum of ordinary pension raised. It is surprising that this question of salaries should have found a place in the Reform Scheme and should have been raised to the dignity of serious reference and a grievance made of the fact that Indians oppose "the improvement of the conditions of the European services in India". Notwithstanding they are the most highly paid service in the world, the members of the bureaucracy in India have been the lucky recipients of about a dozen kinds of allowances, and notwithstanding the grant of exchange compensation allowance, not a decade has passed without their setting up one reason or other for the increase of their salaries, and for the improvement of their own services. The Public Services Commission was demanded by Indians in order that their position in the services might be re-examined and improved, and not that the pay of any class of servants, Indian or European, should be increased. But, along with other recommendations, this increase has been allowed. Again, in the beginning of this war of sacrifice, not a very becoming agitation was started for granting promotion,—bar allowances, extra allowances, etc.,—and a weak Secretary of State for India quite readily sanctioned it. It was only in the month of March last that Sir William Vincent declared that the Government of India had not made up its mind on the question of salaries and that it was keeping an open mind on this subject. Within a month after this,—the Report of the Reform Scheme was signed in April,—the increase of salaries seems to have received the imprimatur and approval of Lord Chelmsford and of the Secretary of State. There is a great danger of this becoming a settled fact, although Indian opinion is unanimous in opposing any increase of salaries to higher officials, both Indian and European.

At the outset, it should be made clear that this opposition is not based on any race prejudice. Without importing into the calculus of this problem any such racial aspect, it can be examined from the standpoint of true national and human economy. As Prof. Marshall, the eminent economist, says: "It may make little difference to the fulness of life of a family whether its yearly income is £1,000 or £5,000; but it makes a very great difference whether the income is £30 or £150; for with the £150 the family has, with £30 it has not, the material conditions of a complete life." This excellent dictum has so swayed the minds of the legislators of the West that, in every country, constant attempts are being made to do away with inequalities of wealth. In India, not only are we far from this ideal of Government, but those in power seem to be so obsessed with their own needs that the parable has come true: To him who hath all shall be given; from him who hath not, even the little that he hath, shall be taken away, whatever it be. The point of view emphasised by Prof. Marshall, that the man getting Rs. 1,000 or Rs. 2,000 is in less need of any increment than the man getting a paltry sum of Rs. 20 or Rs. 50 or even Rs. 100, of an increment of Rs. 5 or Rs. 10, is one that cannot be easily brushed aside. The question is a vital one for Indians, affecting as it does the not very flourishing finances of the country and encroaching seriously on its already starved cultural needs. So long as any of these cultural needs remain neglected, any demand for increase of expenditure in such a direction as salaries, is one that no Government should allow. Necessaries to all, before luxuries to any, should be the formula. On the other hand, considering that India with its poverty maintains, even at the present rate, the costliest civil service in the world and considering that, while the cost of Civil and Military services is mounting up expenditure on education and sanitation is almost at a standstill, there is a better case for reduction in the rate of salaries now prevailing than for increase. If Indians were enjoying self-government based on party politics, it cannot be doubted that this reduction of salaries would become a strong party question. The issue facing us is, whether India is to be saddled by a highly paid bureaucracy, Indian or European. We do not want vested interest of Indians any more than of Europeans. India needs to take warning, not only by her own experience but by that of other countries. Even in England, the least bureaucratic ridden country in the world before the war, the bureaucracy has so multiplied itself that people are beginning to think seriously of the danger of the vested interests created thereby; even though the pay there ranges from £500 or to £1,000 or Rs. 600 to Rs. 1,200 a month.

The extravagant cost of administration has always been one of the greatest obstacles to the progress of the country. Mr. Gandhi has indicated not the least real danger of the Montagu-Chelmsford Scheme. "No scheme of reform," he wrote the other day, "can possibly benefit India that does not recognise that the present administration is too heavy and ruinously expensive, and for me even law, order, and good government would be too dearly purchased if the price to be paid for it is the grinding poverty of the masses." "The watchword of our reform Council," he added, "will have to be, not increase of taxation for the growing needs of a growing country but a decrease of the financial burdens that are sapping the foundation itself of the organic growth." Mr. Gandhi's criticism, though we do not agree with the first part of the proposition, has been prompted by a consideration of the most vital factor in the Indian problem,—namely, the poverty of the people. Mr. Montagu and Lord Chelmsford have, at least in the consideration of the emoluments of the services, which have for decades reacted on the progress of the country, ignored this factor. Hence their recommendations for "improvement in the conditions of the European services." Hence also their insistence on withholding popular control over this branch of administration which is too costly for a poor country.

ANOTHER LESSON FROM MYSORE.

Mr. Venkatanarasappa of the Mysore Forest Service has written a very valuable article on the settlement of Maratha Kunbis in the Sagar ghats, in the "Mysore Economic Journal." From it we learn that Mr. Muthanna, Conservator of Forests, first suggested a scheme for the revival of *kumri* cultivation on a limited scale, with the object of repopulating the deserted villages in the ghat regions of Sagar and Nagar Talukas with the Maratha Kunbis, a nomadic tribe found in the North and South Kanara Districts. Needless to say the Bombay Government is above all these things. When it finds a deserted village, it promptly claps it into the forests. Mysore tried a method of gradually weaning these men from *kumri* or shifting cultivation. We, of course, have our own ways of dealing with them. Mr. Swifte says:—"*Kumri* was originally stopped in 1860 and subsequently in 1888 the practice, in any shape or form, was finally abolished in the Karwar Taluka. Large clearings had in former days been made in the jungles, resulting in the provision of healthier inhabitations for tenants on the hill-slopes and the destruction of cover for wild animals. The old *kumri* tenants have now all gone; no labourers having come in to take their place; local sanitation is stated to have suffered considerably and the cover for pig etc., has grown up again." The Mysore officials have recognised the use of *kumri* in improving the sanitation of the colonies of settlers by the provision of a cleared zone surrounding each hamlet.

There can be no gainsaying that *kumri*, or wood-ash tillage, should be restricted. But, at the same time it should be recognised that any attempt rigidly to prohibit *kumri* would scare away the Kunbis, who alone come forward to populate the ghat regions, as pointed out by Mr. Venkatanarasappa. So, Mysore took the *kumrivillas* driven out by us and the Madras Government gave them three acres of paddy land per family rent-free for three years, bought a pair of bullocks free for each family and gave also a small sum for buying seeds. One acre of *kumri* land, also, was given, every third year. The experiment was highly successful and eventually paddy lands were given rent-free for five years and two acres of *kumri* land were granted and money grants were given for settlements Money was also advanced for buying a pair of buffaloes. There are now twenty-six colonies of *kumricillas* in Mysore, consisting of 246 families. The Mysore Government have incurred an expense of Rs. 25,000 on these settlements. They have improved communications, built a temple, started five schools, and dug four wells for them. The *kumrivillas* formerly led a nomadic and uncivilised life and they fed on palm-flour, bulbs and other unhealthy and irregular diet. Now the settlers are taking to the cultivation of sugar-cane and industrial crops, in addition to the ordinary crops like paddy and ragi. They purchase plough and milch-cattle out of their savings and they live in neat and thatched houses and have flower gardens. They are persuaded to plant teak and white cedar in deserted *kumri* areas. Lastly, a Cooperative Society has been started by them which charges six per cent. interest. Rattan industry and carpentry have been taught to them by special instructors.

The interesting description given by Mr. Venkatanarasappa reads like a fairy tale and shows the gold turned out of the material, thrown away as waste by us. The Madras Government have already taken a lesson and have afforded increased facilities for *kumri* cultivation in South Kanara in recent years, in order to keep these valuable pioneer settlers in their district. What is Bombay going to do? Large bodies of *kumrivillas* have left Kanara for Goa and Mysore. Are we to keep the few that remain in Ankola, Suha and Bhatkal, or, are we to drive out the last man? Shall we follow Mysore and Madras and utilise the *kumrivillas* as an agency to populate deserted villages?

Notes of the Day.

The Issue.

The plea of Lord Lansdowne that the war must not be ended by a "knockout blow", ignores the fundamental issue. This war is a conflict between two ideals of world unity —the ideal of unity based on the recognition of the principles of justice, freedom and self-determination and the ideal of world domination by aggressive militarism. The former unity is the unity that the Allies desire, the latter is the unity that the Kaiser and his Prussian Junkers want to impose. Therefore, if the world is to be made safe for democracy, the Kaiser and his Prussian Junkers must effectively and for all time be rendered powerless to impose their sinister design on the world, which, means that there can be no compromise with them or, as Mr. Churchill says in his effective reply to Lord Lansdowne, there can be no substitute for victory.

The Reality of Power.

While this has been true during all these four years of suffering and sacrifice, when on several occasions German arms have seemingly triumphed, it is truer still to-day when the prospects of our victory are much brighter than they have ever been. Mr. Churchill's analysis of the salient facts of the situation, which strengthen our confidence, deserves careful attention. He has tersely summed up their significance by stating that "the appearance of power is with the enemy, while the reality of power is with us."

The Need to "Hold Fast."

There is first the clearest evidence of the declining morale of the German masses. Then, apart from the repulse of his attacks against the British and the French, the two greatest factors which spell certain defeat for the enemy, are the definite control of submarinism and the overwhelming contribution of America. There is, lastly, the increased Allied domination of air. Thus, "we have but to persevere to conquer." If all this is not enough, the fate of Russia, of Roumania, of the Ukraine, is sufficient demonstration of the mock peace that would be the inevitable outcome of any negotiation with the Kaiser and his friends. Unless, therefore, the Allies "hold fast", the great autocracy of Prussia, as the Premier said in his message, will endeavour by violence and guile to avoid defeat and so give militarism a new lease of life.

More Perversion.

Perversion of truth seems to be a religion with a certain class of journals. The "Advocate of India", commenting upon Mrs. Besant's address of welcome to the delegates of the Special Madras Provincial Conference, sneers at what she said about India also having to move fast to keep pace with the times and makes the discovery that "Extremists are extremists whatever their temporary guise." We need be at no pains to expose the silliness of this statement, for, as Mr. Natarajan recently pointed out in the "Indian Social Reformer", there is not that difference between Moderates and Nationalists which the "Advocate" seeks to make out by this insinuation. It is sheer absurdity, therefore, to state that "it only confirms our view that the Home Rulers' climbdown in regard to the reform scheme is a strategic retreat to lure the Moderate party in."

And More Ignorance!

The "Advocate" speaks of the proceedings of the Madras Provincial Conference having been conducted by "a body composed almost wholly of Beasantine followers." It is oblivious of what rank ignorance it displays. Mr. C. Vijiaraghavachariar occupied the Presidential Chair and at the Conference were present those, most of whom are not only not "Besantine followers," in the sense that they bow to every decision of hers, but are in disagreement with her in many matters. Mr. Achariar himself has never been known to have committed the sin of "following" Mrs. Besant, if sin it is. The "Advocate" had better cease to write of things of which it knows nothing.

Solicitous ex-Satraps.

The attention which some ex-Satraps seem to devote to the industrial development of this poor country is overwhelming. Sir Louis Dane in a letter to "The Times," so says Reuter, supports Lord Montagu of Boileau regarding the importance of industrial development in India. The suggestions he makes to stimulate these developments are in themselves unexceptionable. Capitalists, he urges, for instance, should be treated more sympathetically and pioneers should be allowed profit such as they get elsewhere and should not be throttled by financial authorities. Something, again, he says, might be done to reduce the wearisome delays caused by the various authorities and the governments, "who must be convinced before any concessions can be obtained."

Interested Solicitude?

One wonders why Sir Louis Dane did not attempt to do something to remove the obstacles he now mentions, during the days of his power in the Punjab—especially in the direction of utilising the power of the great rivers. Or, is it that his belated solicitude for the industrial development of the country is merely the self-seeking interest of the class of capitalists, who have found—and made—this country a happy hunting ground for exploitation? The intimate connection of many ex-Governors and other high officials with capitalistic Syndicates in England, interested in the "development" of Indian industries, is not unknown. But India has reason to beware of some of those "friends", who, though tenderly desirous of her industrial development, oppose, or are discreetly silent about, her people's demand for fiscal independence and political freedom.

The Sanikutta Salt-owners' Co-operative Society.

The Registrar of Co-operative Societies says in his last Annual Report that the Sanikutta Salt-owners' Society was started to break the ring of middlemen. Has he taken care to see that a combine of salt-owners has not replaced the so-called ring? Salt is produced in Kanara in Sanikutta only and the *Gazetteer* informs that all Kanara salt works are the property of private owners. These owners are not ignorant like Sirsi Totigars or ryots in the Deccan. Cottoil, jaggery and betel-nut sale co-operative societies have their justification. But Sanikutta salt-owners can fairly defend themselves against any possible combination. Other ways of dealing with the ring should be found rather than removing all competition and investing salt-owners, who already possess a monopoly of production, with a monopoly of sale. Salt is a prime necessity of life and it is not possible to entrust a monopoly of production and sale of it, not even to angels, much less any body of salt-owners however estimable they may be. In these things it is not merely a question of price. If any one is given a monopoly of an article he may be able to undersell all others in the field. But trusts and combines have been distrusted by sound economists all the same.

Inexcusable!

There is no excuse whatsoever for clothing the operations of the salt-owners with all the privileges of a Co-operative Society. A correspondent writing to us, has pointed out that *malki* has been already raised from annas four to rupee one. If that be so, the matter urgently needs investigation. Government should see that sufficient stocks are maintained in Depôts and that the price of salt is not raised without their previous sanction. If, for instance, the Society raises the price of salt by a few annas per maund on account of deficiency of stock or any other reason, is it not possible to convince Government that the Society's license deserves to be cancelled? But the poor will suffer bitterly all the same. It should in no case be left to the Society to raise the price of salt at its discretion. Government should themselves fix the price of salt at various Depôts. Even if all these precautions are taken, we cannot reconcile ourselves to a combination of salt-owners nor approve the registration of this combination as a Co-operative Society.

Official and Personal.

His Excellency the Governor left Government House, Ganeshkhind, for Bombay on Monday morning.

Her Excellency the Lady Willingdon was out with the Poona and Kirkee Hounds on Monday morning.

The 41st Birthday of his Highness the Aga Khan, was duly celebrated at his Highness's bungalow in Connaught Road, Poona, on Saturday evening.

SPECIAL SESSION OF MUSLIM LEAGUE.

RAJA OF MAHMUDABAD TO PRESIDE.

(From our Correspondent.)

LUCKNOW, Aug. 4.

At an emergency meeting of the Council of the All-India Moslem League it was pointed out that under the constitution the Council has power to elect a President for the annual Sessions only and at all the other meetings of the League the Permanent President will preside. It was accordingly resolved that the Hon. Sir Raja Saheb of Mahmudabad the President of the League be requested to preside at the forthcoming special session of the League to be held in Bombay. He has consented to do so.

DHULIA'S APPEAL FOR UNION.

Under the auspices of the District Congress Committee and Khandesh Zilla Sabha, a Public Meeting of the Citizens of Dhulia, was held on 3rd August at which among others, the following Resolution was unanimously adopted:—

The people of Dhulia have noticed with great apprehension the occasional observations in papers foreboding a split in the Congress Camp, on account of the proposed Reforms Scheme, holding as they do that such a split, at this juncture, will be more perilous than the unqualified rejection or acceptance of the Reforms themselves and they appeal to the leaders of all shades of opinion to make such a split impossible by approaching the question in a spirit of compromise.

PREMIER'S MESSAGE.

RECEIVED WELL IN LONDON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 6.
Recd. midnight, Aug. 6.

Mr. Lloyd George's 'Hold Fast' message was read in every theatre, music hall, cinema and public meeting at nine o'clock last night and was received with loud cheering and singing of the National Anthem.

KING FERDINAND'S MYSTERIOUS JOURNEY.

IN CONNECTION WITH BULGARIAN PEACE OFFENSIVE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 7-45 a.m., Aug. 6.

ATHENS.—The newspaper "Hestia" affirms that the mysteirous journey which King Ferdinand is making abroad is connected with the Bulgariran peace offensive.

PLOT AGAINST LENIN AND TROTZKY.

BOTH STRONGLY GUARDED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. midnight, Aug. 6.

AMSTERDAM.—A message from Moscow states that owing to the discovery of a plot against them, Lenin and Trotzky are strongly guarded whenever they appear in public.

SERIOUS FOOD SITUATION IN W. SIBERIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 11 p.m., Aug. 6.

A message from Vladivostok states that the food situation in the eastern parts of west Siberia is a serious factor in the military position. The importation of large supplies is essential in order to relieve the famine-stricken Irkutsk and Yenesei districts.

ENEMY RETIRING ACROSS VESLE.

DESPERATE ATTEMPT TO DELAY ALLIES' REINFORCEMENTS.

FRENCH CAPTURE TWO VILLAGES.

The enemy is resisting stubbornly while retiring across the Vesle. He has destroyed all the bridges across the river and is making desperate attempt to delay the Allies in order to get men and stores across the Aisne.

The enemy has entirely re-crossed the Ancre between Dermancourt and Hamel. The French have captured the villages of Jonchery and St. Vaast.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Aug 5.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Aug 6.

The enemy although retiring across the Vesle is still resisting stubbornly. The French captured Jonchery and crossed the Vesle at the Venteaux farm, also north-west of Baraisne and crossed the river opposite Soissons, capturing St. Vaast. The enemy destroyed all the bridges across the Vesle. The pusuit is continuing. The French are occupying strong positions on the east bank of the river.

The Germans apparently realise their inability to stand permanently on the Vesle but, are making desperate attempt to delay the Allies in order to get men and stores across the Aisne, the crossing of which will be very troublesome.

Betwween Dernancourt and Hamel, both of which are in our possession, the enemy has entirely recrossed the Ancre. The situation at Albert is doubtful at present It is believed that the Germans are holding a part of the town

GERMAN RETERIIMENTS FROM SOMME.

ENEMY RENOUNCES HOPES OF CAPTURING RHEIMS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Aug 5.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Aug 6.

Reuter's correspondent at the French Headquarters wiring last night says the Germans must have felt the pinch before they voluntarily retired from the positions north and south of the Somme, which would have been a useful line of departure for further advance on Amiens and Abbeville. One involuntary and two voluntary German retirements have all been undertaken with a view to saving men. If these economies are being effected in order that Prince Rupprecht or the Crown Prince may be able to afford another great adventure at some other point we shall quickly learn it. If it is decided that the moment when a decisive victory is possible has passed the enemy may retreat farther than he has yet shown signe of doing.

The Germans as usual are retreating slowly in good order, withdrawing in alternate sections flanked by the centres of resistance which are always able to pour cross fire upon any troops advancing into the abandoned sector overhastily.

Our advance to the village of Lanevillette, mile north of Rheims on the Rheims-Laon road metans that Rheims is completely disengaged on the east and that the enemy has renounced the hope at last of capturing it by an enveloping attack.

FRENCH ADVANCE.

LIGHT UNITS CROSS THE VESLE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, 4-40 p.m., Aug. 5.
Recd. 3-45, p.m., Aug. 6.

A French communiqué says there is nothing special to report. Our light units which crossed the river Vesle encountered everywhere resistance by the enemy.

GERMAN ADMISSION OF WITHDRAWAL.

BOTH FROM THE AVRE AND THE VESLE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 3-45, p.m., Aug. 6.

A wireless German communiqué says northward of Montdidier we withdrew from the west bank of the Avre and the Dom brook. We also withdrew to the north bank of the Vesle before a strong attack against Fismes.

SITUATION UNCHANGED ON VESLE FRONT.

MINOR LOCAL ACTIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, 2-30, a.m., Aug. 6.
Recd. 3-45, p.m., Aug. 6.

Last night's French communiqué said: On the whole of the Vesle front the situation in unchanged. There were local actions between our light elements and enemy posts on the northern bank. Quiet prevailed elsewhere.

VIGOROUS GERMAN OPPOSITION.

FRENCH FIRMLY ESTABLISHED BETWEEN MUIZON AND RHEIMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 5 p.m., Aug. 6.

Reuter's correspondent at the French Headquarters, telegraphing this afternoon says:—

The enemy's artillery fire has been very heavy on the whole line of the Vesle, and the Germans are opposing us with very vigorous resistance. Nevertheless, French patrols crossed the river at several points between Sermoise and Fismes, where the Americans crossed, and between Fismes and Muizon.

The Germans on the north bank are abundantly supplied with machine-guns and their aviators are machine-gunning our troops.

Between Muizon and Rheims we are firmly established on the south bank, where there has been the hardest fighting. Hot encounters occurred, notably at the Vautes farm near Muizon for the passage of the river. After it had been captured, the Germans sent across two detachments to retake it, both of which were repulsed after severe fight. West of Braisne, the enemy stubbornly resisted our passage of the river. On the Avre, the French occupied the whole line of the wooded hills overlooking the steep river valley from Braches to Mesnil-St. Georges.

Hard fighting is in progress at Hargicourt on the left bank, where the Germans are holding the railway station. The enemy is still in Morisel.

ENEMY'S FRESH SHOW OF RESISTANCE.

NEARING DECISION OF INTENSE SIGNIFICANCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 5, 11-50 p.m.
Recd. 5 p.m., Aug. 6.

Reuter's correspondent at the American Headquarters telegraphing this afternoon says:—

The last two days have been steadied by a fresh show of resistance by the enemy and also by the necessity of getting the implements of the battle again into their proper places. The German retreat has been conducted most skilfully and not a man or gun has been used to delay the advance more than absolutely necessary. The enemy has nowhere got so far away as to feel free from precaution, though we have continued to see but a dwindling portion of his rearguard. The pursuers discovered the defensive positions indicating the German intention to hold an intermediate line south of the Vesle.

The enemy continues bitter resistance between Fismes and Rheims which is the most difficult country in which to advance. We are nearing a decision of intense significance to the future; and the next few days will be occupied in preparing for it.

ENEMY RETREAT ON LEFT OF AVRE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 10-20 p.m., Aug. 6.

Reuter's correspondent at French Headquarters wiring at 7 o'clock on Sunday evening says: Our patrols are keeping contact with the enemy who is retreating from his positions, left of the Avre. The object of the German move seems to be to straighten the arc which the enemy line made across the Avre and is possibly in pursuance of a general policy of shortening his front and economising men as in withdrawal from the Ancre. But it is probable also that the enemy has found his positions on the banks of the Avre too costly to hold since the French attack which captured the line of heights on the left bank overlooking the valley and eighteen hundred prisoners.

BRITISH TAKE PRISONERS NEAR NEUVILLE VITASSE.

HOSTILE ARTILLERY ACTIVITY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug 5, 1-20 p.m.
Recd. 7-45 a.m., Aug 6.

A British communiqué says we took a few prisoners in the neighbourhood of Neuville Vitasse.

Hostile artillery was very active during the night opposite La Basse It was also active northward of Bethune and at points between Hazebrouck and Ypres.

BRITISH PROGRESS.

IN PACAUT WOOD AND EAST OF ROBEEQ.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, 10-20 p.m., Aug. 5.
Recd. 3-45, p.m., Aug. 6.

A British communiqué says we advanced our posts slightly in the Pacaut wood and eastward of Robecq. There was hostile artillery fire southward of Ypres.

BRITISH ACTIVITY IN AND AROUND ALBERT.

HOSTILE SHELLING IN LA BASSEE SECTOR.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Aug. 5, 5-20 p.m.
Recd. 4-15 p.m., Aug. 6.

Reuter's correspondent at the British Headquarters wiring to-day says: Our patrols are most active in and around Albert and maintain close touch with the enemy. The Germans are holding in considerable strength possible the crossings of the Ancre in Albert.

The Germans are probably experiencing difficulties in the La Bassee sector owing to heavy rains, and yesterday signs of slight withdrawal half a mile north of the La Bassee canal were noticed. We quickly pushed out patrols into what had been enemy positions. There was much hostile shelling in this area throughout the day which suggested that something was going on.

Rumours are increasing of the despondency of enemy regiments and stories of soldiers refusing to go to trenches are in circulation.

OPERATIONS IN ANCRE AREA.

TOTAL CAPTURE OF 6 0000 PRISONERS AND 800 GUNS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, 5-20 p.m., Aug. 5.
Recd. 4-15 p.m. Aug. 6.

Reuter's correspondent at the British Headquarters telegraphing on the evening of the 5th says: The new situation in the Ancre area has for the present settled down. The enemy front line now skirts the high ground north of Dernancourt and thence runs eastwards to Meaulte so that the two sides face one another across a wide deep valley with open observation rendering infantry operations difficult and costly.

The ebbing of the German moral under the influence of the recent events is very real and is somewhat widespread in rank and file.

The high Command is paying penalty for concealment and misrepresentation. Prisoners are unanimous in discrediting the statements of Ludendorff and generally agree that 60,000 prisoners and 800 guns have been captured since 12th July.

A letter written by a member of a German trench mortar company dated the 21st July has come into our possession which reads: "You will be back in the thick of the mess. Shirk as much as you can. Don't be stupid. We are risking our lives for bigwigs. Our regiment has been nearly wiped out, but we have not pushed very far. This is becoming the greatest massacre there ever was. Germany seems to be slowly crumbling to pieces."

GERMANS IN BAD POSITION.

FRENCH EXPERT OPINION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 6.
Recd. midnight, Aug. 6.

French experts emphasise the fact that the Germans are in a bad position on a plateau with the Vesle in front of them and the Aisne behind them exposed to French fire at all points and often enfiladed while all the four crossings of the Aisne between Fismes and Rheims, namely Villers, Maizy, Pontavert and Berry-au-Bac are under the fire of French guns and aeroplanes. The opinion is expressed that the enemy is preparing an offensive in order to relieve Allied pressure.

BRITISH AVIATION.

WEATHER HAMPERING OPERATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, 12-35 a.m., Aug. 6.
Recd. 3-45, p.m., Aug. 6.

In a communiqué with regard to aviation Field-Marshal Haig says: The weather hampered the operations on the 4th August. We dropped six and a half tons of bombs in the day-time and brought down six hostile machines. Night flying was impossible.

ATTEMPT AT AIR-RAID.

HOSTILE MACHINES APPROACH EAST ANGLIAN COAST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, 2-35 a.m., Aug. 6.
Recd. 3-45, p.m., Aug. 6.

The Press Bureau states that hostile airships approached the East Anglian coast at 9-30 last night but did not penetrate far inland.

ALLIED AIR RAID ON TREVES.

12 KILLED : 14 WOUNDED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 7-45 a.m., Aug. 6.

AMSTERDAM.—An official message from Troves says the Allied air raid on Treves on August 1, did considerable damage, and one person was killed and four injured. A message from Cologne says 10 airmen, dropped 28 bombs during the morning of the 1st. Some damage was done and 12 were killed and 14 injured.

WARILDA SUNK.

123 MISSING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 11 p.m., Aug. 6.

The Admiralty makes the following announcement:—A homeward bound ambulance transport Warilda was torpedoed and sunk on August 3rd. 123 are missing including seven of the crew. Two British destroyers were mined and sunk on August 2nd, ninety-seven being lost.

ENEMY'S NEW TACTICS

LUDENDORFF'S SECRET ORDER.

MASS ATTACKS TO BE AVOIDED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. midnight, Aug. 6.

PARIS.—The "Matin" publishes a secret order of Ludendorff referring to certain new tactics concerning which the order says: "Our situation as regards reserves compels us to perfect our tactics. It is absolutely indispensable that we should avoid the old fault of attacking in mass formations and that, by all means, we should reduce our losses."

THE MARNE RETREAT.

LUDENDORFF'S EXPLANATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 10-20 p.m., Aug. 6.

AMSTERDAM.—Ludendorff, interviewed regarding the Marne retreat, says: This time our strategic offensive plan did not succeed and was limited to a tactical success. It is alleged that the Germans on the evening of July 16th broke off operations because it was not worth the cost, one of my principal duties being to spare the blood and strength of soldiers. Marshal Foch's counterblow was intended to cut off the Germans south of the Aisne by a flank break-through which was frustrated by the seventh and ninth armies. "By July 19th we were fully masters of the situation and we shall remain so. Gain of ground and the Marne are only catchwords."

BAKER'S ARMY BILL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 6.
Recd. 11 p.m., Aug. 6.

WASHINGTON.—Mr. Baker's Army Bill extending the selective draft of men between the ages of eighteen and forty-five introduced into the Congress, has been referred to Military Committees. It is hoped that the Bill will pass by September 1st.

Figures prepared by Mr. Baker show that 2,398,000 men are affected in addition to men between the ages of 21 and 34 drafted under the present law.

NEW ARMOUR FOR AMERICAN SOLDIERS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 7-45 a.m., Aug. 6.

WASINGTON.—The War Department announces that expert armourers in the workshop of the Metropolitan Museum in New York are modelling an armour for the use of the American soldiers in France including helmets, shields and breast plates, comprising all the best types used in the ancient days.

RUSSO-FINNISH PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 5.
Recd. 11 p.m., Aug. 6.

Russo-Finnish peace negotiations hav been opened in Berlin.

INDIAN REFORM REPORT.

MR. MONTAGU TO MAKE A STATEMENT

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 3-45, p.m., Aug. 6.

"The Times" states that Mr. Montagu will make a statement on the Indian Report on the occasion of the debate on the Indian budget on August 6th.

Lord Sydenham on the same day proposes to draw attention to the report in the House of Lords.

"NO SUBSTITUTE FOR VICTORY."

MR. CHURCHILL'S REPLY TO LORD LANSDOWNE.

"REALITY OF POWER WITH US."

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug 5.
Recd. 7-45 a.m., Aug 6.

Mr. Churchill in a letter to his constituents replies at length to Lord Lansdowne's letter. He says the war has got to be won but it is not yet won and these twin hard facts dominate every argument not arising from despondency or treason. Let us not delude ourselves by thinking that there is any substitute for victory. The salient fact of the situation is that the "appearance of power is with the enemy, while the reality of power is with us." The Kaiser rules more millions of subject slaves than at any time in the war but the German people are suffering and suffering from bad feeding and under-feeding, enduring a strain three times as hard as Britain, therefore if we stand fast the Germans must break.

THE THREE TERRIBLE THINGS.

Three terrible things have happened to Germany in the present year. Her attacks against the British and the French armies have been repulsed, submarinism has been definitely controlled and the American armies are landing at a rate which promises to make the Allied strength overwhelming. The fourth thing is the increased Allied domination of air. All the world is marching against Germany; we have but to persevere to conquer. That is a reality.

To make peace now when Germany has apparently triumphed but is really tottering, when America has only just begun and when Russia is in the deepest abyss of misery would brand our race for generations with fictitious inferiority and sham defeat yet that is what Lord Lansdowne is obstinately beseeching us to do.

"FORCE WITHOUT STINT.

Mr. Churchill after emphasising that we must keep step with our American kinsmen according to the words of President Wilson, "force without stint" concludes by declaring as indispensable to the cessation of hostilities, firstly that the German armies must be decisively beaten in the field, and secondly that the German people must spontaneously and definitely break with the system which led them into so many monstrous crimes, otherwise they cannot be allowed to enter the league of nations.

NO PEACE PROPOSALS FROM ENEMY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 10-20 p.m., Aug. 6.

In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. Lees Smith, Mr. Balfour stated that nobody authorised to act on behalf of any enemy power had recently made peace proposals or suggestions to the government. The Government had received no communication from the Allies that such proposals had been submitted to them.

500 BOLSHEVIKS IN MANCHURIA.

CHINESE NOT RESISTING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 11 p.m., Aug. 6.

A message from Harbin states that five hundred Bolsheviks are now in Manchuria station.

The Chinese are not resisting, but co-operation between the various pro-Ally forces is likely.

"SOVIET VICTORY."

BERLIN CLAIM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 5.
Recd. 11 p.m., Aug. 6.

AMSTERDAM.—A telegram from Petrograd states that Berlin claims that the Soviet troops were victorious at Jaroslav after a severe battle in which five thousand counter-revolutionaries were drowned in fleeing across the Volga. A big battle is proceeding between the Redguards and the Czecho-Slovaks north of Ufa.

OTHER CABLE ITEMS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 6.

The "Pioneer's" special correspondent cables:—

London, Aug. 2.—There is a great friction between the Germans and the Turks over the Caucasus. The Austrian attack in Albania has forced back the Allied line about five miles. A large Greek army is now taking the field. There is evidence of a mutinous spirit at Salonika among the war weary Bulgars, who recently refused to attack near Monastir.

The slowing down of the enemy's retirement is regarded in well-informed circles here as by no means unfavourable for the Allies. The enemy is subject to bombardment and his roads southward of the Aisne are insufficient for the proper supply of the forces remaining there.

LAHORE, Aug. 6.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" special correspondent cables:—

London, Aug. 2.—According to reports from Sweden, Germany is absolutely insisting on Finland's becoming a monarchy.

The American Ambassador in Russia reports he has started for Murmansk accompanied by the representatives of Britain, France and Italy.

SECOND INDIAN WAR LOAN.

The following is the progressive total of subscriptions to the Second Indian War Loan, (excluding subscriptions through Post Office) as known up to 6-30 p.m., on 6th August, 1918:—

	Rs.
Provinces:—	
Bengal	10,21,45,300
Bombay	7,02,93,600
United Provinces	1,83,07,300
Madras	1,58,73,700
Punjab	1,46,89,000
Minor Administrations	73,06,500
Burma	67,11,400
Central Provinces	27,66,900
Bihar and Orissa	23,16,400
Assam	3,59,900
Native States:—	
Hyderabad	50,00,000
Baroda	30,00,000
Total.....Rs.	24,87,70,000

Total amount of subscriptions received by A. G., Posts and Telegraphs, Calcutta, through Post Offices in the Bombay Circle, up to 27th July, 1918, inclusive ..... Rs. 4,28,225

TRAVANCORE'S WAR EFFORTS.

1735 MEN; RS. 1,400,000 FOR WAR LOAN

(From a Correspondent.)

TRIVANDRUM, Aug. 5.

Travancore has been giving liberally men and money since the commencement of the war. The following figures of subscriptions to the Second Indian War Loan, initiated under the patronage of his Highness the Maharajah which was Rs. 10,00,000 last month has now gone to over Rs. 14,00,000. Dewan Krishan Nair has thrown heart and soul into the matter. The total amount so far has exceeded that of the First War Loan.

Recruiting has also been equally commendable. Till 1st July, 681 combatants, and 708 non-combatants were sent; the figures during July were 187 combatants and 159 non-combatants. Now that Travancore has been divided into two districts under a full timed European officer for Travancore alone, helped by two assistant recruiting officers, better results are expected.

TRAIN MURDER CASE.

ACCUSED'S STATEMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, Aug. 5.

In the train murder case Major Eyre gave evidence regarding the arrest of the accused Abdur Rahim and of the recovery of property belonging to Miss Graham, a revolver, 29 cartridges, and two currency notes of Rs. 100 each were found sewn up in the lining of his clothing. Witness knew Miss Graham well and described her as a bad-temperatured woman, who was frequently apprehensive of injury at the hands of Indians. So far as he knew deceased's fears were not connected with her bad temper, but possibly were due to her having insulted some one through her temper. Her conduct towards her patients was bad.

The case for the prosecution was closed and two defence witnesses were examined. The Sessions Judge examined the accused at length. Mr. Marsh, Accountant, G. I. P. Rly., brother-in-law of the deceased, said that Miss Graham had about Rs. 3,000 worth of jewellery of pure Indian gold which she wore only on special occasions. Mr. Abdur Rahim, the accused, in his statement said that he understood when they started from Hathwa that they were going to Bhulandshahr. There was no talk of going to Bina. When he arrived at Bulandshahr and found Miss Sahib had not arrived at Bulandshahr he thought she had gone to Bina. When he entered a carriage at Cawnpore all the bedding was packed up. He did not inform the guard that Miss Sahib was not in the train as he first went to the waiting room to look for her. The train had meanwhile left and he thought she had left by it. He stayed at O. & R. R. station for an hour and went by an ekka to the other station. He went via Agra to Delhi where he searched for Miss Sahib and started from Delhi on the 21st for Bulandshahr. When he arrived there he rented a room and told the man that the property in his possession belonged to Miss Sahib and the two notes were his own savings. The case is adjourned till to-morrow.

DEFENCE ARGUMENTS.

LUCKNOW, Aug. 6.

In the train murder case, to-day, arguments were heard. Counsel for the accused said there was no eye-witness of the alleged murder by the accused, much less of throwing the deceased lady out of the train. Witnesses who had deposed to the accused entering the lady's compartment were telling an untruth. It had been shown the deceased had enemies who quite possibly had taken her life. The gravest charge against accused was one of theft, not of murder.

Babu Gokul Chand Rai said it was satisfactorily proved by respectable witnesses that accused was wearing a coat subsequently found near the dead body and he was seen by guard Fanthome and the ice vendor entering the lady's compartment at Munderwa. He should have informed the authorities that his mistress was missing. The Government pleader claimed that *prima facie* a case of murder had been made out. Of three assessors two found accused guilty and the other not guilty. Judgment will be delivered to-morrow.

RECIPROCITY

NEW IMMIGRATION PROPOSALS.

RECOMMENDED BY IMPERIAL CONFERENCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 5.

The Viceroy has received a long message, from the Secretary of State, giving particulars of the recent meetings of the Imperial War Conference. The following is an extract from it:—

The fifteenth meeting of the Conference was held on July 25th. The first subject discussed the reciprocity of treatment between India and the Dominions. This discussion followed on the resolution, passed by the Conference last year, accepting the reciprocity. A further resolution was passed that effect should now be given to last year's resolution in pursuance of which the Conference agreed that: (1) It is the inherent function of Governments of several communities in British Commonwealth, including India, that each should enjoy complete control in the composition of its own population, by means of restriction on immigration from any population and by means of restriction on immigration from any other communities. (2) British citizens, domiciled in any British country, including India, should be admitted into any other British country for visits, for purpose of pleasure, or commerce, including temporary residence for purpose of education. The conditions of such visits should be regulated on the principle of reciprocity as follows: (1) The right of the Government in India to enact laws which shall have effect, subjecting British citizens in any other British country visiting India to the same conditions as those imposed on the Indians, desiring to visit such country. (2) Such right of visit, temporary residence, shall in each individual case be embodied in the passport or written permit, issued by the country, the domicile and subject, to visit there the officer appointed by and acting on behalf of the country to be visited, if such country so desires. Such right shall not extend to a visit or temporary residence for labour purposes or to permanent settlement. (3) The Indians, already permanently domiciled in other British countries, should be allowed to bring in their wives and minor children on condition, (a) that no more than one wife and her children shall be admitted for each such Indian and (b) that each individual so admitted shall be certified by the Government in India as being a lawful wife and child of such Indian.

KAPLE MURDER CASE.

TEJENDRA GHOSH CROSS-EXAMINED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, Aug. 6.

The further hearing of the political murder case, which had to be postponed yesterday, owing to the illness of the vakil for the accused, was resumed this morning, when Mr. P. Biggane, Assistant to the D. I. G. (Cromes) was examined by Mr. Alston. He said he had taken part in the investigation of this case when he arrived in Lucknow on February 13. He discovered a letter from a coat pocket of the deceased. Witness next deciphered two letters before the Court. He also deposed to having issued one "wanted notice" for accused, the absconding accused, and the deceased in March, 1917.

Mr. Alston observed it was a strange coincidence that the year before the murder, the same three persons, who were concerned in this case, had figured in one notice issued by the Crimes Department. It was like coming events casting their shadow before. Witness was then cross-examined.

TEJENDRA CROSS-EXAMINED.

Tejendra Mohan Ghosh, who had deposed to having witnessed the murder, was then cross-examined. He said when he absconded from Bengal he did not know for what specific act of his he was wanted. He associated with members of a revolutionary party. In his maternal aunt's house there was a photo of his taken about nine years ago. That was taken away by the police. He had not seen any advertisement at any of the public places for his arrest. He first met Satyen in Calcutta. It was more than a year ago. At the very first meeting with Satyen witness learnt that Satyen was an absconder. He had never taken part in the distribution of seditious literature. He never took part in any of dacoities committed by a revolutionary party of Bengal nor did he take part in any of the political murders. If the police suspected him of having participated in the dacoity at Tolapur with Vinayak they were wrong. He did not take any pistol from the Bengal revolutionary party. After absconding the work that he did of the revolutionary party was to carry messages and receive messages that came from outside. At the time witness knew that Satyen was one of the leading men in the Bengal party. To witness's knowledge Satyen did not take part in any dacoity. Satyen was in charge of civil organisation and had nothing to do with military organisation. Satyen's duty consisted of recruiting men, conferring with other leaders and managing the affairs of Calcutta. Satyen and he left Bengal of their own accord for the sake of organisation in the U. P. There was no misunderstanding between them and the Bengal revolutionary party.

A CIVIL LEADER.

Continuing witness said accused was a civil leader, but a civil leader might have both the functions, civil and military. A civil leader organises and also uses arms, but he does not always exercise both the functions. Witness was then cross-examined on other details. Further hearing was adjourned.

MADRAS SPECIAL CONFERENCE.

NECESSARY CHANGES IN REFORM SCHEME INDICATED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Aug. 5.

Among other resolutions, passed by the Conference, was one that the liberalisation of the Central and Provincial Governments, with a view to Responsible Government should proceed simultaneously, and that the proposed division of Government into two unequal sections and assignment of lesser departments for the purpose of trying experiments of first step of Responsible Government in this country is in its essential nature unworkable, and is bound to prove unsatisfactory as any assignment to legislature of control over portions of administrations or particular departments of Government, and under the conditions stated can give no adequate opportunities to the people of this country for Responsible Government.

Without prejudice to the above, the Conference was of opinion that to render the scheme possible, even for a short period, as a first step, the following, among other changes, must be incorporated in the Bill to be brought before the Parliament *viz.*, the Government of India legislature shall have control over all legislation in respect of safety and peace of the country except in so far as the administration relates to foreign affairs, control over the army and navy, ecclesiastical matters and relation with Indian Ruling Princes. In the provinces, all departments of governments shall be placed under the control of the legislature except administration in respect of police, law and justice, which shall rest in the Executive Government only. The same shall be placed under the control of the legislature at the end of five years.

STORMY SUBJECTS COMMITTEE MEETING.

MADRAS, Aug. 5.

In the course of a leading article in "New India" on the Special Conference Mrs. Besant referring to the Subjects Committee proceedings, says:—"It was stormy and it was very regrettable that the minority should have hooted at almost everyone with whom they disagreed. Untrue accusation was thrown at the Hon. Mr. Srinivasa Sastri who was doing his utmost to induce the more bigotted Moderates to attend the Congress. When Mr. G. A. Natesan rose to contradict it, he was hooted down. A similar measure not so violent, was accorded to myself and it was evident that I could only help to preserve peace by silence."

Continuing, she says she did not venture to perform the functions as Chairman of the Reception Committee as it did not seem wise to excite an already excited meeting, merely to be hooted out. She concludes:—"My young Tamil brethren, what have I done to you that you hate me so bitterly? I do not want to force myself on your meetings. I can work without talking except when invited by friendly Indians. I intend to resign my presidency of the Home Rule League at the next annual meeting. I believe I have enough strength to live until Home Rule is won. Be a little patient if you can, till then. I will shorten the time as much as I can by strenuous work. More I cannot do."

LADY KNOX'S GOLDEN WEDDING.

LORD AND LADY CHELMSFORD'S CONGRATULATIONS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 6.

His Excellency the Viceroy sent the following telegram to Sir George and Lady Knox on the occasion of their golden wedding:—"Lady Chelmsford joins me in offering Lady Knox and yourself most sincere congratulations on your golden wedding. It is pleasant to think that it is in Allahabad, so long the scene of your devoted service to India, that you are celebrating this great occasion. We trust that many more years of united happiness lie before you.—Chelmsford."

THE CONDITION OF CLERKS.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—With reference to "A Citizen's" letter printed in your to-day's issue I shall feel obliged if you will kindly publish the following in your next issue.

The conditions of the clerks at present is very miserable. Not only have we to work from morn till late in the evening, but at times we have to bear such haughty and arrogant treatment at the hands of our masters that it is very painful for any self-respecting man to bear all that. Nevertheless our position to-day is such that we can hardly afford to maintain ourselves without such employment on a meagre remuneration. In several firms the request for the grant of war allowance has been refused very contemptuously and there is no provision whatsoever to fall back upon in our old age. We are thus dragging a pitiful existence and our masters enjoy the benefit of our efforts. I would therefore suggest to the numerous readers of this paper who are in mercantile service to join immediately "The Clerks' Union" established in this city some time back to enable that institution to work on the lines laid down for the improvement of our present and future condition. These objects cannot be achieved unless and until we ourselves instil the spirit of comradeship and join hands in as strong a number as possible and I, therefore, hope my brethren will not fail to avail themselves of the opportunity afforded them by the establishment of the Clerks' Union.—Yours, etc.,

B. S. NAYAK.

Bombay, Aug. 6.

DURBAR AT GUJRANWALA.

SIR M. O'DWYER'S APPRECIATION OF WAR EFFORTS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Aug 5.

In the course of his speech at the Durbar at Gujranwala on Saturday Sir Michael O'Dwyer said:—"It is just a year since I stood in this hall among the representatives of the three districts of Gujranwala, Sialkot and Gurdaspur. I rejoice that the circumstances in which now revisit my old district are far different from those of the last year. I as then constrained to reproach you for your apathy in the Empire's cause and to contrast your indifference with the splendid record of your neighbours in Gujarat and Amritsar. To-day I can sincerely congratulate you on what you have done to redeem Gujranwala's good name."

Proceeding his Honour said, "A year go Gujranwala had 3,368 men in the army or only one man in every 150 of the total male population. At the end of last month it had 11,765 men with the colours which gives a ratio of one man in every 44 of the total male population and 1 in every 14 of military age. This within a year you have raised nearly 8,500 men.

In conclusion His Honour said, there is no other district in the Province which can boast of having sent to the Indian Army over 100 men a month for four consecutive months as Gujranwala did in the period of December to March." In conclusion His Honour said, that those who could not join the army should realise that could make some sacrifice not in charitabe contributions but by investing their money to make a success of the war loan. He had opened his mind to them as friend for he was jealous of the reputation of his old district. He wanted to be able to say at the end of this war which was at last beginning to come into sight that Gujranwala has played a great part and a worthy part and when he came there again before he laid down his office he hoped to be tble to congratulate them on having honourably discharged their obligations and to distribute further rewards and recognition to those among them whose services to the King and country have been specially meritorious.

APPEAL FOR RECRUITS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Aug. 6.

Continuing his recruiting tour, Sir Michael O'Dwyer attended a special intercessory service at Sialkot on Sunday and held a durbar there yesterday morning in the hall of the Sikh School. The Lieutenant-Governor was received by a Guard-of-Honour provided by the Pioneers and a contingent of recently enlisted recruits. In the course of his speech he asked all to join with him in the prayer that the prolonged drought causing anxiety throughout the Province might soon disappear. He went on to say it was four years since he had held the durbar in their district when he had appealed to them and to the Province generally for such genuine and wholehearted support as would enable them to pass through the crisis without any stain on their splendid record of staunch and unswerving loyalty. The Punjab as a whole, had nobly responded to that appeal. The Sialkot district had so far played a respectable, but not a conspicuous part. He then comparing Sialkot with the neighbouring districts of Lahore and Gujranwala continued:—"Frankly, gentlemen, this is not as it should be. We pledged ourselves in last May to raise 200,000 men in the Punjab by June 1st 1919, and that pledge the honour of the Punjab requires us to redeem. Every district must take up its share of the burden and Sialkot has not yet shouldered its share. We have fixed the quota of the district inclusive of those already in the army at 20,750 men. One man in every 26 which is 3,000 less than we are asking from Gujranwala and 10,000 less than we are asking from Amritsar both of which have a smaller population to draw upon. In the twelve months ending in May 31st 1919, we want 8,800 recruits from this district, say 750 per mensem on the average in June and July. You recruited little more than half the required quota. I think you all understand why we want these men. It is unnecessary, I conceive, for me to repeat what I said at Gujranwala as to the foolish and idle rumours which fly through the bazar. If you have placed credence in wild stories of the triumph of our enemies and of the early invasion of India, reflection and recent events have, I hope, convinced you of their folly."

SINK DIFFERENCES.

His Honour proceeded:—"To-day Sialkot has the reputation of being one of the most litigious districts in the province. Every man has, of course, the right to protect his personal interests, but do not let your own petty disputes blind you to the greater issues. The principles of right and justice for which the Empire is contending and in which you are asked to help Gujranwala has given you a striking proof of what can be done by sinking petty differences by combination and cooperation and I am glad to learn that you are going to follow its example by founding a similar War League. I trust it will be equally successful in yielding practical results."

Sir Michael O'Dwyer concluded with reference to the Indian Defence Force to which he said the province hoped to contribute two thousand volunteers, Sialkot's quota being at least one hundred men and to the War Loan Sialkot had subscribed a little over six lakhs to the first war loan which was not a notable performance for the district with such trade and material resources and he hoped this result would be easily surpassed in the second war loan.

Sir Michael O'Dwyer and party were entertained yesterday afternoon at a garden party given by the Deputy Commissioner, Sialkot, and dined with General Campbell. His Honour was to return by motor to Lahore this morning.

Mr. H. A. Crack Revenue Secretary, Punjab Government, is going on a short leave from August 5th and Mr. H. M. Cowan, I.C.S., will officiate.

SATISFIED WITH REFORM SCHEME.

HON. RAI SITANATH ROY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 5.

At the annual meeting of the Bengal National Chamber of Commerce, President Raja Rishicasa Law, in his address, referred to various topics. Turning to the management of railways in India, he preferred company management to state management and suggested local boards with the Indian members on all railways. If this were done Indians would take greater interest in feeder lines.

The Secretary, the Hon. Rai Sitanath Roy, spoke at length on the Reform scheme. He said that the proposals marked a stage in the progressive realisation of responsible government in India. He said: "I yield to none in my desire to see my countrymen managing their own affairs; but I hold that in politics, as in business, there cannot be proficiency and partnership without a period of apprenticeship. I make bold to say that the scheme before us makes an honest and earnest endeavour to transplant that spirit and improve the institutions that suit the conditions of the country. There can be no doubt of the sympathy of the authors with the political aspirations of Indians."

"SCHEME WELL RECEIVED IN U. P."

SIR HARCOURT BUTLER'S STATEMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 5.

Sir Harcourt Butler presided at a recruiting meeting at Mayo Hall, Allahabad, attended by the representatives of the Allahabad division. In the course of his address he said that the recruiting figures for the division were unsatisfactory and fresh and special efforts were needed to improve the results. Sir Harcourt referred to the reform scheme and said in the U.P. the general desire was to give the scheme a fair consideration. His Honour had talked to over 200 gentlemen on the subject and he found that the landowners, who formed the backbone of the province, were in favour of moderate progress. Some said that the reforms went too far, but all were agreed that the scheme was well received in the province, in fact better than he was led to believe at first. His Honour advised the audience to be guided by their heads rather than by their hearts, and to review the problem from the practical point of view as men of the world.

Referring to the probable post-war conditions he said that they must shake off their trammels of old ideas and habits, reorganise their administrative machinery, and revolutionise their educational system. Otherwise, they would not be equipped for the struggle of the future and would be swept off their feet by forces they could neither see nor control. He also implored the audience to use all their influence to prevent the outbursts of religious feelings, which retard progress, and appealed to them so to work that the United Provinces may be united in real truth and not only in name.

At the conclusion of his Honour's speech, Sir John Campbell reviewed the recruiting figures and the Hon. Pundit Madan Mohan Malaviya, Sir Henry Richards, Nawab Abdul Majid and Pundit Gokul Prasad delivered speeches, appealing to the people to help in recruiting.

UNACCEPTABLE.

NAGAPUR PUBLIC OPINION.

(From a Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Aug. 3.

A crowded meeting of the citizens was held at the Rajaram Theatre, Mr. Padhey presiding.

Mr. Alekar, in explaining the Reforms Scheme said that no real control was given to the people while absolute powers were vested in Governors. Ministers were to have residue. A Governor could dissolve the Council.

He moved a resolution, expressing entire disapproval of the proposed constitutional reforms as unsatisfactory and not constituting a forward step towards Responsible Government. They could not be acceptable unless brought in time with the Congress demand

Mr. Kelker having seconded, the resolution was carried unanimously.

AMRAOTI DISTRICT CONFERENCE.

(From a Correspondent.)

AMRAOTI, Aug. 5.

The Amraoti Special District Conference held its sittings on Sunday under the presidentship of Mr. Ane of Ieotmal, Rao Bahadur Mudholkar and Rao Saheb Brahme took a leading part in the discussion in the Subjects Committee. Mr. Danks, Deputy Commissioner, and Mr. Coventary D. S. P. on inyitation atended while the reform scheme resolution was being discussed. The Chairman of the Reception Committee was Mr. Damle, advocate. The president's speech pointed out the most glaring defects of the reform proposals and exposed the retrograde nature of the details of the scheme.

Among other speakers were Mr. Chapekar, Mr. Shevade, Hon. Mr. Deshpande, Mr. Vamanrao Joshi Mr. Ramarao, Mr. Deshmukh Da Da Saheb Khaparde and others.

SIR H. BUTLER'S TOUR.

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 4.

His Honour Sir Harcourt Butler arrived at Allahabad this morning and granted several interviews. His Honour will address the Provincial Publicity Committee tomorrow mornng and be present at a presentation and congratulatory address to Sir George and Lady Knox on the occasion of their Golden Wedding. In the evening Sir Harcourt will attend a recuriting and war loan meeting On Tuesday his Honour will address the students of the Muir College and receive an address from the Municipal Board. This evening his Honour will attend the state intercession service at the Cathedral.

SATARA DISTRICT CONFERENCE.

NEED FOR SENDING DEPUTATION TO ENGLAND.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARAD, Aug 5.

At the special session of the Satara District Conference, held at Karad yesterday under the presidency of Mr. K. P. Khandilkar, Editor of the "Kesari" the following resolutions were passed:—

(1) "This Conference prays to God that the British and Allied arms be victorious in the present gigantic war."

(2) "While recognising the painstaking endeavours of Mr. Montagu and Lord Chalmsford in preparing the report on Indian reforms, (a) this Conference is of opinion that the scheme prepared by them, as it is, is disappointing and unacceptable, (b) it is further of opinion that unless and until the proposed scheme is so modified as to establish effective electoral majority in all legislative councils with provincial autonomy and at least a substantial control over the purse and the executive so far as the Government of India is concerned it will not satisfy the just and legitimate aspirations of the Indian people."

(3) "This Conference strongly expresses its disapproval of the publication of the report of the sedition Committee under Mr. Rawlatt, further protests emphatically against the onesided and unjust charges in the report as also against the despotic methods suggested. This Conference further strongly protests against the cases in different provinces against the Home Rulers and against the strict execution of the Press Act."

(4) "This Conference strongly condemns the recent action of the Bombay Government in prohibiting under the Defence of India Act Lok. Tilak from delivering public speeches, and appeals to the Government of India to cancel at once the above mentioned repressive order."

(5) "As the reform scheme is now published this Conference is of opinion that the special Congress should now send a deputation to England to place Indian opinion on the scheme before the British public and further requests the Imperial Government at once to remove the prohibition imposed by the War Cabinet on the Indian deputations going to England."

(6) "This Conference authorizes the secretaries of the District Conference to send these deputations to the Secretary of State for India, the Viceroy and the Governor of Bombay."

The Conference was largely attended and was a complete success. Great disappointment was, however, felt at the inability of Lok. Tilak to address them owing to the order under the Defence of India Act served on him by the Bombay Government on Friday last.

MAHOMEDAN EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, Aug. 4.

The seventh Bombay Presidency Mahomedan Educational Conference was held in Poona on Saturday. There were about 350 delegates from districts present.

Sardar Nawabzada Mir Ahmed Ali Khan, Chairman of the Reception Committee welcomed the guests and delegates

Nawabzada Nasrulla Khan proposed Moulana Moulvi Habibur-Rahiman Khan to the chair. The President then delivered his address. He gave a history of the Conference and said that educational work for Mahomedans was always an uphill task. He deplored the backwardness of Deccani Mahomedans in respect of education and urged them to tackle the means of progress. The late Nawab Mohsinu Mulk had tried to put before Government the educational policy of the Mahomedans and had emphasised the spread of Urdu education without which Mahomedans could not make any educational progress side by side with their religious development. He thanked the Government of Bombay for their recent satisfactory decision on the question of Urdu. He deprecated the policy of the Presidency Mahomedans in not taking immediately to secular education and said they would be responsible for any backwardness They ought to exert themselves therefore, and try to improve their condition.

The Hon. Mr. C. N. Seddons then spoke a few words.

In the afternoon session resolutions were moved; (1) thanking the Hon. Mr. A. K. S. Jamal for his generous help towards the furtherance of Mahomedan education: (2) thanking the Government of Bombay for the appointment of Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola Kt., C.I.E., as Member of the Executive Council; (3) thanking the Hon. Mr. J. G. Covernton, for his sympathetic handling of Moslem educational problems; and (4) thanking his Excellency Lord Willingdon heartily for sanctioning the retention of Urdu in schools in accordance with the wish of Mahomedans.

VERNACULAR FINAL STANDARD.

The fifth resolution which was proposed by Mr. Mohammed Hussein of Belgaum referred to the Vernacular Final Standard, where, he said, one English-knowing teacher should be provided, so that the V VI, and VII Standard students might get better acquainted with it. This, he held, would result in an increase in the number of students receiving secondary education.

The Hon. Mr. Paranjpye supported the resolution.

The sixth resolution was moved by Hakim Abu Yusuf Ispahani, thanking the Government for introducing free and compulsory education, but regretting that Government did not provide any facilities for Mahomedans. The Conference therefore requested Government to have their representatives on the School Boards.

WAR ANNIVERSARY.

AT CALCUTTA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 5.

The fourth anniversary of the war was celebrated yesterday in Calcutta with great enthusiasm in an impressive manner. Elaborate preparations had been made by the Bengal Publicity Board in co-operation with the public to observe the day in a manner befitting the importance of the occasion, and the expectations of organisers were more than fulfilled. The special intercession services were held in all churches, chapels, and public places of worship of the Hindus and Moslems where prayers were offered for the victory of the British arms. In the morning there was a celebration of holy communion at St. Paul's Cathedral. The attendance at the intercession services was remarkable.

At Kalighat temple, Mahapuja was performed in which thousands of Hindus took part.

Public meetings were held at Beadon Square, College Square, and King's Square where various popular speakers addressed very large gatherings on the subjects for which Britain entered the war, and on the supreme necessity of Indians realizng the extent to which they should help the Empire. Mr. Bompas, President of the Publicity Board, Dr. S. K. Mullick Rev. Mr. Anderson, and Pancheonri Bannerjea made stirring appeals to the people of Bengal to enlist in large numbers and to contribute their mite to the war loan. All the speakers pointed out that this war was as much India's as England's and it was necessary in in the interests of India that the people of this country should join the army to fight for right against might and babarism. The interesting feature of to-day's celebration was the extensive scale in which arrangements were made by the leading zamindars and landholders for the feeding of the poor.

The 1914 Star Ribbons were presented to officers and men by Lieutenant General Sir H. D. Ukeary yesterday at the parade held after intercession service at Fort William.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY CELEBRATION.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 5.

The Calcutta University celebrated the war anniversary this evening at the Senate House with great enthusiasm. Sir Lancelot Sanderson, Vice-Chancellor, presided over a big meeting attended by all members of the Senate and Syndicate, professors and students of various colleges and schools, and distinguished educationists. Dr. W. S. Urquhart delivered an interesting address on the origin and objects and the course of the present war. The Vice-Chancellor in opening the proceedings said that the fact that the whole civilised world was on the side of Great Britain in this great struggle showed that the cause for which she had been fighting was not a selfish one but a just and righteous cause. He appealed to the students of the Calcutta University to play their part in this great crisis. If England won this war and he had no doubt about the ultimate triumph of England—if the British Empire came out victorously from this struggle, India, along with the other parts of the Empire, could benefit by those principles of justice, truth and liberty which would be permanently established by the victory of the Allies. Mr. Gurudas Bannerjea, Sir Asutosh Mookerji, Sir Devaprasad Sarbadhicary and Sir Nilratan Sircar also made eloquent appeals to the students to respond to the call of the King and the country.

AT NASIK.

NASIK, Aug. 4.

The anniversary of the war was celebrated at Nasik on the 4th instant. A gathering of pupils of municipal schools was held in the morning in the Vidyanand Theatre, Mr. Ketkar, President of the Municipality was in the chair. Mr. R. G. Pradhan, chairman of the Schools Committee then made an eloquent speech briefly explaining the meaning and purpose of the war. He referred with approval to the analysis of India's attitude towards the war, made by Sir Satyandra Sinha in a recent speech of his at London viz that Indian culture has always placed right over might and that the British Empire could be made and was being made consistent with the self-respect of the Indian people. He said that signs were becoming more and more clear that Germany would be defeated in the long run, and that the great principles for which the Allies were fighting would triumph. Mr. Ketkar made a few appropriate remarks. The singing of the national anthem brought the proceedings to a close.

AT NAGPUR.

NAGPUR, Aug. 5.

At a crowded public meeting held yesterday in the Town Hall to celebrate the fourth anniversary of war, the Hon. Sir Chitanavis presiding, a resolution reaffirming adherance to the principles of national freedom and self-determination for which the Empire and Allies are maintaining the struggle, rejoicing at America's joining in the war and contributing to the success of Allied arms, and reiterating firm resolve of India to continue the struggle till final victory was proposed and carried unanimously, the whole house standing. Speakers representing all shades of opinion supported the resolution. Sir Benjamin Robertson, in addressing the meeting appealed to the people to increase the production of food grains and support the efforts which the agricultural board and officers of agricultural department are making and support the war with money and men.

AT NAVSARI

NAVSARI, Aug. 4.

At Mr. Dinshaw Daboo's Bungalow a "Jashan" ceremony was performed, headed by the high Dastoorji of the Parsees, in which a large number of priests, besides the members of the Rabadina Club joined. After special prayers invoking God to grant a speedy and decisive victory to the royal family, the gathering dispersed.

A thanksgiving ceremony was also performed at the same place for the advent of recent good rains.

The war anniversary was celebrated at Rangoon, Nandod, Palanpur, Malegaon, and Vala (Kathiawar).

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HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

GERMAN FIRM'S BILLS OF EXCHANGE SUIT NO. 1000 OF 1917.

The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China ..... Plaintiffs

v.

S. Naran & Co. ..... Defendants.

(Sir Frank Beaman.)

This was a suit to recover Rs. 2,577-7-2 on four bills of exchange.

The plaintiffs' case was that they were the holders in due course of four bills of exchange amounting in aggregate to £352-10-9, drawn by Messrs. Haas Byk & Co., a German firm at Hamburg on the defendants, and duly accepted by the latter. The bills were drawn in respect of goods shipped to the defendants and the goods had been taken delivery of by the defendants. There was a part payment of £182-1-0 made by the defendants but they failed to pay the balance remaining due thereon. The plaintiffs accordingly filed this suit to recover that balance viz. Rs. 2,577-7-2 with interest thereon at 6 per cent.

The defendants contended that the plaintiffs were not holders-in-due course but that they were merely endorsees for collection. They also stated that the plaintiffs had advanced certain sums of money to Messrs. Haas Byk & Co., and that the latter had endorsed these bills for collection with a view to enable the plaintiffs to repay the advance and hold the balance for the benefit and on account of the said firm of Haas Byk & Co. The defendants believed that the plaintiffs had been repaid their full amount of advances. As to the amount remaining unpaid on the bills, the firm of Haas Byk & Co., owed to the defendants £374-10-10 for several allowances and fees in respect of the goods which they used to export to the defendants in Bombay, and the defendants claimed to set off the said amount against the balance due on the said bills.

The defendants further contended that the plaintiffs could only recover the amount actually advanced by the bank to Messrs. Haas Byk & Co., and which amount they had reasons to believe was about 75 per cent. of the actual value of the bills. They also contended that the Hamburg branch of the plaintiff-bank was an enemy firm and the bills being sent to the plaintiff-bank for collection the defendants could not be made liable on the same. The defendants also alleged that the plaintiffs having been paid in full, the suit should, therefore, be dismissed. Without prejudice to their above contentions the defendants urged that owing to certain payments made by them the balance now due would only be £88-2-8 equivalent to Rs. 1,332-6-6.

Mr. H. Campbell with the Hon. Mr. T. J. Strangman appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. J. B. Kanga with Mr. B. J. Desai appeared for the defendants.

JUSTICE BEAMAN'S JUDGMENT.

His Lordship in delivering his judgment said that in this case the plaintiff-bank sued to recover on certain drafts drawn by Messrs. Haas Byk & Co. in its favour on the defendants and duly accepted by the defendants without any qualification whatever on the 22nd, 25th and 29th of June and 14th of July, three of the due dates falling in September and the last on 3rd October, 1914. But for the war having broken out on the 4th of August 1914, there could not have been any dispute or litigation over such a simple and ordinary commercial transaction. The defendants have, "inter alia" raised a plea that the Hamburg branch of the plaintiff-bank is an enemy trading concern, and being so, the same character must be imputed to the whole business. If that really were so the Court would have to consider with great care the elaborate judgments of the English Courts, notably that in the well known case of Daimler Co. Ltd. v. The Continental Tyre and Rubber Co. (1916) 2 A. C. 307. But adopting for a moment the propositions Nos. 3 and 6 contained in Lord Parker's judgment in the case without any criticism at all, his Lordship thought it too clear to admit of serious argument that the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China was not an enemy trading firm. If one of its branches were actually carrying on business in Hamburg then, indeed, a question of difficulty might have arisen. But his Lordship was very sure that it was not and never had been doing so since the outbreak of war. To put it on the simplest ground the burden of proof of such an allegation was clearly on the defendant and he had not made any attempt to discharge it. There was a subsidiary point made in that connection viz. that even if the plaintiff-bank was not an alien enemy a part of the sum which it was demanding, viz., 25 per cent., was intended after collection to be paid to the defendants' original vendors, Messrs. Haas Byk & Co. As to that, there was no evidence that the plaintiff-bank's branch in Hamburg did not advance to the full amount expressed on the face of the bills. What actually happened was that these bills were drawn in the ordinary course of business before the war broke out by the defendants' vendor in favour of the plaintiff-bank on the defendants against shipping documents. Those shipping documents were always understood to represent goods of about that value the plaintiff-bank advanced on the bills and the course of business was exactly the same as his Lordship had described in his judgment in the case of Motishaw & Co. v. The Mercantile Bank 18 Bom. L R 521. That being so, it was to be noted, that whatever was to be paid to the alien enemy Haas Byk & Co. was paid to him before the war broke out, and, therefore, before he was an enemy. That concluded his share of the tarnsaction, as far as the plaintiff-bank was concerned, though of course he would still remain secondarily liable as drawer on the bills. The drafts were then presented to the defendants in Bombay. As they were D/A, i.e. shipping documents of acceptance, the documents were delivered to the defendants on their accepting the drafts unconditionally. At that moment all the rights, which were now disputed in the case were stereotyped between the plaintiffs and the defendants, unless it could be shown that they were materially altered or modified by a change in the character of the plaintiff-bank. Thus the whole of these transactions up to the actual delivery of the goods having taken place before the outbreak of the war, the defendants were bound by their acceptance to pay the full amount of the bills at maturity to the plaintiff-bank. They had no ground of complaint whatever. They had received full consideration since it was admitted that all the goods had been delivered to them.

His Lordship then dealt with the defendants' contention that the Hamburg branch had advanced only 75 per cent. and said that as to that contention there was no proof of it whatever. But even if the Hamburg branch had advanced only 75 per cent. to Haas Byk & Co. that would have been of no advantage to the defendants, if the bank had insisted on its strict legal rights as a holder-in-due-course of the bills after the defendants had unqualifiedly accepted them. Sections 43 and 44 of the Negotiable Instruments Act had no application to a case of this kind. Section 44 needed only to be read to show that two of its essential conditions were wanting, and always must be wanting, in the case of an acceptor's bill drawn against shipping documents in the usual course of business. Continuing, his Lordship said that the only other point upon which the defendants had relied was one of wrong appropriation and on that point too, his Lordship held against the defendants.

His Lordship accordingly passed a decree for the plaintiffs with costs.

Solicitors for plaintiffs: Messrs. Craigie, Blunt and Caroe.

Solicitors for defendants: Messrs. Payne & Co.

APPELLATE SIDE.

MURDER BY POLICE JEMADAR.

HIS OWN WIFE KILLED.

ACCUSED TRANSPORTED FOR LIFE.

Shripatrao Babajirao v. The King-Emperor.

This was an appeal against the decision of Mr. M. S. Advani, Sessions Judge of Broach. He found the accused guilty of murdering his wife and sentenced him to transportation for life under Section 302 Indian Penal Code.

The facts are briefly these:—

The accused Shripatrao was a Police Jemadar stationed at Kanjaria, in the Panch Mahal District. On the night of the 30th March, a quarrel took place between the accused and his wife over some money. A neighbour heard the accused demanding money from his wife and when the latter refused to give him any he struck her with a sword. The neighbour went and knocked at the accused's door, but he refused to open it saying that he had done what he wanted to do and that he had killed his wife. The neighbour then went and fetched the police patel, who after much persuasion induced the accused to open the door. He did so and gave him a sword. The sword was stained with blood and the body of Bhagirthi was found lying in the room in a pool of blood. There was nobody in the room at that time.

The Sessions Judge refused to believe the Second Class Magistrate of Halol in which he stated that he had been drinking heavily that day since noon. He went on drinking every ten minutes till late at night. He then asked his wife for some money but she refused, and when he told her to do his bidding, she answered him back in words which provoked him to great anger. He wanted to punish her for her insolence and wanted to beat her with a stick. He was too intoxicated then to know what he was doing. He picked up his sword, as he afterwards found out, when he came to his senses, instead of a stick and struck his wife with it.

The Sessions Judge refused to belive the defence, but held that the accused must have received some provocation. He was not prepared to hold that the accused had such a grave and sudden provocation as to deprive him of the power of self-control. As the accused had some provocation from his wife, the Sessions Judge sentenced him to transportation for life.

Their Lordships dismissed the appeal.

SMALL CAUSES COURT

ECHO OF SPECIE BANK FAILURE.

LIABILITY OF SHAREBROKERS.

(Before his Honour Mr. K. M. Jhaveri and his Honour Mr. M. S. Dadachanji.)

Jalaludin Sayadmiya Kadri vs. R. R. Nabar and another.

In October, 1913, the plaintiff, who is Deputy Educational Inspector at Ahmedabad, instructed by letter, the first defendant, a certified broker in the local share bazaar to sell his 20 shares of the Indian Specie Bank Ltd., Pursuant to his instructions the first defendant sold the shares in the market at Rs. 56/4 per share, through the second defendant, another certified broker. The relative transfers were duly signed by the plaintiff in blank and handed over to the first defendant along with the share certificates on receipt of the sale proceeds. In November, 1913 the Specie Bank went into liquidation. During the interval the transfers had passed through various hands and the plaintiff was not able to trace the last purchaser. As regards 10 of the shares sold by the plaintiff he was given notice by the liquidator in July 1914, that he had been placed on list A as a contributory and as such he was liable for the unpaid call of Rs. 50 on each share. The plaintiff was accordingly obliged to pay to the liquidator Rs. 500 in respect of these shares on 21 July 1916, which he now sought to recover from the defendants.

The plaintiff alleged that on inquiry at the Bank after liquidation proceedings had commenced he had discovered that no transfers in respect of these shares had been lodged with the bank and he therefore called upon the first defendant to give him the name of the purchaser, which he failed to do. At the hearing it transpired that the first defendant's immediate buyer was the second defendant and thereupon he was added as a co-defendant liable on the ground of negligence and breach of duty in not being able to disclose the name of his buyer and the second defendant on the ground that, with reference to him, he should be treated as the buyer.

Mr. A. S. Davar appeared for the plaintiff while Mr. K. K. Suntoke represented the first defendant and Mr. R. K. Dadachanji the second defendant.

The Acting Second Judge decreed the claim against the first defendant and dismissed the suit against the second. Against this decision an appeal was admitted and heard by a Bench consisting of the Chief and the Fifth Judges who in reversing the decision of the original court delivered the following judgments

JUDGMENT.

The facts of this case need not be recapitulated.

As for defendant 1, the broker, a decree was sought to be obtained against him, in the first place on the ground that he had failed or rather neglected to get the shares transferred to the name of the purchaser. As the law was found to be against this contention, it being the duty of the purchaser and not the seller as the plaintiff and defendant No. 1 his broker are—to get the transfer registered the ground was shifted, and he was charged with negligence in so far as he failed to give the name of the purchaser to his client, the plaintiff. Supposing it was his duty to do so, at the outset of the transaction, the plaintiff waived his right to get the name of the purchaser by completing the bargain, viz., by receiving the price of the shares sold. Thereafter, when he was called upon to pay the calls by the liquidator, he wrote to defendant 1 to give him the name of the purchaser, which the latter did not do, because he was not in a position to know, and in fact did not know the name of the ultimate purchaser. He had sold to a jobber, and so far as he was concerned that jobber—defendant 2—was the person who purchased from him. He however gave his buyer defendant 2's name at the hearing, and should have naturally dropped out. Plaintiff insisted upon knowing that party's name and he now knows it. Defendant 1 fulfills his part of contract, and hence cannot be held liaable. This finding is based on the assumption that, firstly, he was bound to supply the name of the purchaser to the seller at the outset, and secondly, that the plaintiff had not waived his right to do so. In my opinion the usage is that the seller's broker does not as a matter of course disclose the name of the purchaser to his principal, indeed very few ask for it, and very few brokers know it, and further that plaintiff had waived his right, in case he had it, by signing the transfers and receiving the price of the shares sold. The suit must therefore be dismissed as against defendant.

As far defendant 2, a jobber, who in his turn has sold to another jobber, and he to a third and so on till the ultimate purchaser is reached plaintiff has not seriously pressed his case against him. If defendant 2 was the ultimate purchaser, then surely he was bound to indemnify the plaintiff-seller because that is the law. In the case of onerous securities, if the seller has to contribute, then the purchaser is bound to indemnify him, in fact intermediate parties are ignored, and a privity of contract is established beween the seller and the last purchaser. In this case the last purchaser is a different party from defendant 2, and defendant 2 would not under these circumstances be liable. We would therefore not disturb the finding of the Lower Court on that part of the case.

BULLOCK CART OWNER NOT A COMMON CARRIER.

Tejpal Narsey v. Mahomed Boodhi.

(Before His Honour Mr. S. F. Billimoria.)

The defendant in this case, who was the registered owner of bullock cart No. 7880, was sued for recovery of Rs. 150 being the value of 10 bags of linseeds entrusted to the driver of the said cart for carriage from the plaintiff's godown at Dana Bunder to the docks. The bags did not reach their destination and were misappropriated by the driver and others for their own use. Hence the suit.

Mr. K. K. Suntoke appeared for the plaintiff. The defendant was represented by Mr. V. R. Navalkar who denied liability on the ground that the defendant was not a common carrier and therefore not responsible for the criminal acts of his agent.

His Honour upheld Mr. Navalkar's contention and dismissed the suit for reasons set forth in the following judgment:

JUDGMENT.

The suit is to recover from the defendant Rs. 150 being the value of 10 bags linseed loaded in defendant's cart to be carried to the docks, which the driver of the defendant, in conspiracy with some other persons, misappropriated and sold off, appropriating the proceeds to himself. He was convicted by the Magistrate for breach of trust and criminal misappropriation.

The main issue in the case is whether the defendant could be held to be a common carrier and therefore an insurer of the goods and liable for the criminal misappropriation of his servant.

The defendant is the owner of the cart in which the goods were loaded. The "modus operandi" adopted is that the cart every morning is let out to a driver who pays the owner ¼ of the earning, retaining ¾ for his own remuneration. He perambulates the town, picks up any job that suits him, makes his own terms as to the hire to be paid. He has no fixed "termini" within which to ply his cart. He is not bound to accept any and every job even though reasonable hire is offered. He is not at the disposal of any person who wants him and is willing to pay reasonable hire. He can at his own option refuse a job even though he has room in his cart. He has no fixed tariff of rates but imposes his own terms for every [illegible]. There is no evidence to show that he is an universal carrier, bound to carry for the first comer who offers him reasonable fare.

In the case of Brind v. Dale, 8 C. P. 207, reported in 2 Moody and Robinson P. 80, Lord Abinger expressed a strong opinion that the defendant could not be treated, upon the evidence, a common carrier. A manuscript copy of the report was obtained from the High Court Library and is filed with the proceedings where from the mode of the defendant's doing business will be found. "Negligence in law" Beven, 2nd edition, P. 1020-1021. "Where persons hold themselves out as exercising the public employment of carrying goods for people generally and as ready to engage in the carriage of goods for hire and not as a mere casual occupation, then they are common carriers." P. 1020. "Any person undertaking for hire to carry the goods of all persons indiscriminately is to be considered a common carrier." P. 1021. Brind v. Dale 8. C. P. 207.

"The criterion is whether he carrier for particular persons only or whether he carries for every one. If a man holds himself out to do it for every one who asks him he is a common carrier, but if he does not do it for every one but carries for you and me only that is a matter of special contract." P. 1022.

The Liver Alkali Co. v. Johnson, L. R. 9 Ex. 338, does not definitely lay down that one who has carriages for hire is a common carrier from the necessity of his position, nor yet that without being a common carrier he has the liability of one.

"Baron Alderson's distinction between goods carried for every one and goods carried occasionally and specially may then be taken as indicating the dividing line between private carriers for hire and common carriers." P. 1023.

"On closer investigation we now find that the differentia indicated by Baron Alderson in Ingate v. Christie, of carrying for all persons indifferently and not for a particular person is that most generally accepted." P. 1019.

Story on Bailments, Para 495, "A common carrier is one who undertakes for hire or reward to transport goods of such as choose to employ him."

Dwight v. Brewster, 18 Mass. P. 53, Parker C. J. defines common carrier in the same words.

Fish v. Chapman, 2 Kelly, 349, "to constitute a man a common carrier the business of carrying must be habitual and not casual. The undertaking must be general and for all people indifferently. He must assume to be the servant of the public. He must undertake for all people."

Ware J's description is to the same effect and he adds further "he will be liable to an action for refusal unless he has a reasonable cause for his refusal."

Brett J. in Nugent v. Smith, 1 C. P. D. 19 at P. 27, says "the real test of whether a man is common carrier, whether by land or water, is whether he has held out that he will so long as he has room, carry for hire the goods of every person who will bring goods to him to be carried. The test is, not whether he is carrying on a public employment or whether he carries to a fixed place, but whether he holds out expressly or by a course of conduct that he will carry for hire, so long as he has room, the goods of all persons indifferently who send him goods to be carried. If he does this, his first responsibility naturally is that he is bound by a promise implied by law to receive and carry for a reasonable price the goods sent to him upon such an invitation."

Beven on "Negligence in law" 2nd. Ed. P. 1050-1051, "at common law a common carrier is under no obligation to treat all customers equally. His obligation is to carry on being paid a reasonable compensation for so doing. If he refuses to carry, failing some reasonable excuse for not carrying, an action lies against him. There is nothing to hinder him from carrying for favoured customers at any unreasonably low rate the only limitation is that he must not charge more than is reasonable." See also the comment of Beven at P. 1053-54, on the judgments in the cases of the Liver Alkali Co. v. Johnson and Scarfe v. Farrant, L. R. 10 Ex. 358 and Nugent v. Smith.

"Is he bound to carry goods for the first comer or only for those who consent to his terms?"

The case in 1 K. B. 237 also lays down that a person hiring out carriage and horse on his own terms and at his own option is not a common carrier and not liable for the criminal act of his driver.

On a careful consideration of all the authorities I am of opinion that the defendant in this case does not fall within the definition of a common carrier and is not liable for the criminal misappropriation of his driver.

Even if the defendant in this case is held to be a common carrier the suit fails by reason of the want of notice before suit, which is obligatory under Section 10 of the Carriers' Act, 3 of 1867.

Suit dismissed.

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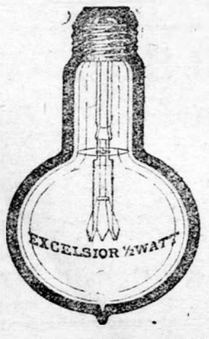

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MR. NARAYENRAO VAIDYA'S CASE.

POLICE REPORTER'S EVIDENCE.

(From a Correspondent.)

DAMOH, Aug. 5.

The further hearing of the case started against Mr. Narayanrao Vaidya, Secretary Home Rule League Central Provinces, under section 124A and the Indian Defence Act was resumed on the 2nd, when the second prosecution witness Mr. Mohammed Ashrafali, circle Inspector of Police, who is alleged to have taken notes of Mr. Narayanrao's speech and made a report resulting in his prosecution was cross-examined by Mr. R. P. Karandekar. His cross-examination had not finished when the Court rose at 6 p.m., and will be resumed to-morrow. The following points were brought out. During his service of 24 years he had occasion only 3 or 4 times to take notes of such public speeches and during the last 5 years he had not such occasion except the present. His education in English with second language Urdu is upto the Middle School and learnt Hindi at home. Mr. Vaidya's speech was in pure Hindi. Mr. Ashrafali did not understand Sanskrit. His orders were to take the notes of a speech, if found objectionable. Witness does not know short-hand writing and speeches of more than 3½ hours were taken down in a report of hardly half hour reading. Witness does not know anything about "Swaraj" literature; but admitted that Mr. Vaidya explained "Swaraj" as self-government or Home Rule within the British Empire. Though he did not include this in his report, several passages admitted to have been spoken by Mr. Vaidya were not reported to the higher authorities, such as particularly the passage saying "King George" getting victory we shall get "Swaraj," we wish well to India but more for the Empire; Germany was allowed to grow fat on India and it is now waging war against England; what loss is caused to the Empire by India; England has educated us and taught us mode's civilization; are we such fools as to be ungrateful for such obligations."

ALLEGED DEFAMATION.

EX-DISTRICT MAGISTRATE IN TROUBLE

(From our Corrspondent.)

BANKIPORE, Aug. 5.

The Government Advocate moved a petition on behalf of Mr. Garett Before Prasad and Coutt, J. J. for transfer of the suit instituted by Mr. A. H. Forbes against Mr. Garrett, I.C.S., lately District Magistrate of Purnea, and at present Deputy Commissioner of Singhbhum. The petition alleges that while Mr. Garrett as District Magistrate was devoting his energies to raising money for the Benefit of Our Day fund, an action against him was started by some interested persons among whom was Mr. Forbes and his nephew Mr. Chapman on the 9th January 1918. Mr. Cowie, Deputy Inspector General of Police, informed Mr. Garrett that Mr. Forbes and his nephew Mr. Chapman had shown him an anonymous Bengalee poem, a copy of which came later to be obtained by Mr. Garrett. On having it translated Mr. Garrett discovered it to be an attack of a highly defamatory character on Mr. G. C. Banerjee, then Sessions Judge at Purnea. A translation of the poem was also done by Sir Rabindranath Tagore and Mr. Pandit Sastri, C.I.E., lately, Principal Sanskrit College, Calcutta. Mr. Banerjee in coming to know of the poem asked Mr. Garrett to take action in the matter.

The petition goes on to say that Mr. Garrett acting in bona-fide discharge of his judicial duty took steps against Messrs. Forbes and Chapman under section 108, Criminal Procedure Code. According to the petition Mr. Haller, I.C.S., who succeeded. Mr. Garrett, without hearing any evidence from the Public Prosecutor, thought no further action was necessary; but did not give any finding in merits.

On the 5th April 1918, a statement of claim was filed by Mr. Forbes against Mr. Garrett and Rs. 50,000 were claimed as damages. Mr. Chapman filed another suit of a similar character. The Local Government has undertaken Mr. Garrett's defence.

The suit, it appears from the petition, has caused great sensation locally and among the witnesses are many high judicial and executive officers and many confidential documents are expected to be revealed.

The petition prays for transfer of the case from Purnea to the High Court or to some district in the neighbourhood of Patna on the grounds that the case involves many intricate questions of law, that all judicial officers including the trying Judge are widely to be cited as witnesses by one party and that it is undesirable that considering that defendant was District Magistrate of Purnea the case should be tried there.

Their Lordships have issued rule to show cause why the case should not be transferred to some other district.

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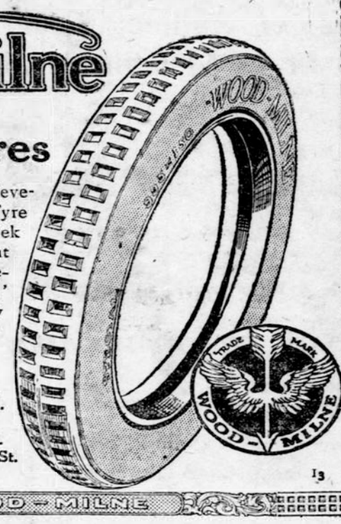

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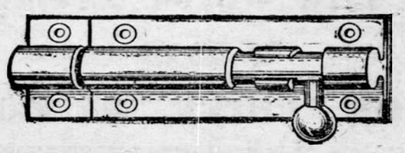
BOLT  BRAND

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LANDLORD AND TENANT.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—My attention has been drawn to the two letters that have been printed by you under the heading "Landlord and Tenants." sent to you by some "S."

While emphasing that a tenant regularly paying standard rent can not be ejected and can continue to occupy the rooms, he has it seems, purposely ignored certain facts connected with the above correspondence, perhaps with a view to invite sympathy from your readers for the tenant concerned by thus running into print. For otherwise he could never have sought your favour.

Without going into minute details as to the reasons on account of which notice to vacate was served upon the tenant concerned, it will be sufficient for me to say that numerous complaints from other tenants in the building had been received by me and were also brought to the notice of Sir Jugmohundas.

In conclusion I shall assure your readers, on behalf of Sir Jugmohundas as well as myself that no tenant in the building has been put to any trouble for increment in rent.—Yours, etc.,

V. V. OKA,
Pleader, High Court,
53, Picket Road
Bombay, August 3.

"BAZAAR GATE STREET CLOCK."

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—You are perhaps aware, sir, that there is a clock, fixed in the tower erected over the bust of the late, Bomanji Bava, which upto now, with some defects here and there, gave much facility and convenience to the residents of not only the Bazaar Gate Street, but to the residents of the Parsi Bazaar and old Modikhana Streets. Not only that but it served as a watch guard to other outside people to observe punctuality to attend their daily duties.

But of this facility and convenience we have been for some time since totally deprived. Some two or three months ago the clock became utterly deranged in such a manner that for days together it entirely stopped, and while it was set in motion, it was one day half or even one hour late and another day half or one hour fast. So it was in reality a nuisance, as it misguided those, who depended on it. The Bazaar Gate Street hope that your paper will be a medium to bring their voice to the ears of the interested parties and thus the clock will soon be reinstated.—Yours, etc.,

"BAZAARGATEVASI."

THE APPOINTMENT OF MISS MOINETTE

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—With regard to the controversy regarding the appointment of Miss Moinette I may be allowed to state, as I happen to know the circumstances which led to the appointment, that an Indian with First Class Indian qualifications had actually applied for the vacancy and another with high English qualifications was known to be available. Moreover if the vacancy had been advertised, a number of Indians with high qualifications would have been available.

Your correspondents N. N. C. and D. V. K. are obviously students of the Elphinstone College. In spite of the Government circular prohibiting students from taking part in political controversies, they have joined in this controversy which is certainly of a political nature and yet the Principal has done nothing in the matter. Does this mean that the above circular is not applicable to those students who undertake to defend the policy of the Government?—Yours etc.,

G. K. N.

Girgaum, August 2.

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